Drought Resilience Plan for Mendocino County Second Public Workshop

Fort Bragg, February 21st, 2025

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Quick notes...

- 1. This presentation will be recorded.
- 2. Feel free to write your questions on the Zoom chat (online) or in the Comments form (in-person) we will collect those and go back to them at the Q&A session.

Agenda

- 1. Introduction: Droughts in Mendocino County
- 2. Senate Bill 552
- 3. Drought Task Force
- 4. Drought Resilience Plan
 - a. Data Collection
 - b. Risk Assessment
 - c. Management Actions
 - Drought Response: Triggers, Stages, Actions
 - d. Plan Implementation
- 5. Review and Public Commenting Process
- 6.Q&A Session
- 7. Next Steps and Follow-up Meetings

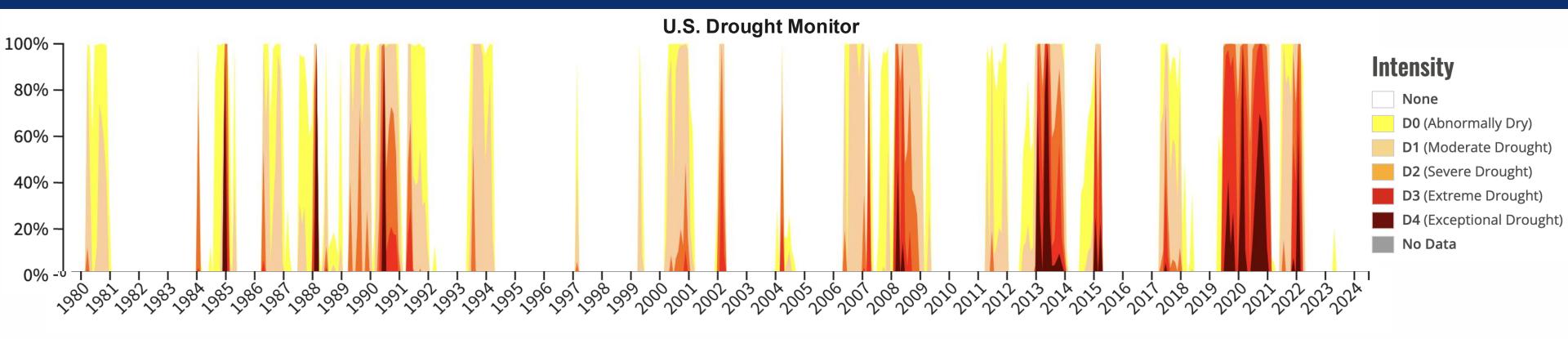
Droughts in Mendocino

Drought is the lack of precipitation over an extended period. It is a normal, recurrent feature of climate that occurs in all climate zones.

Droughts in Mendocino

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In Mendocino County, droughts on average last 3 years. In the past 45 years, droughts have increase in intensity and frequency



Droughts in Mendocino

LATEST NEWS

Mendocino County was one of the first counties to be declared in a drought emergency in the 2020-2022 drought.



MendoFever April 22, 2021

Senate Bill 552



Senate Bill 552 requires state and local governments to share responsibility in planning and responding to water shortage events, particularly for state small water systems and communities supplied by domestic wells.

Requirements



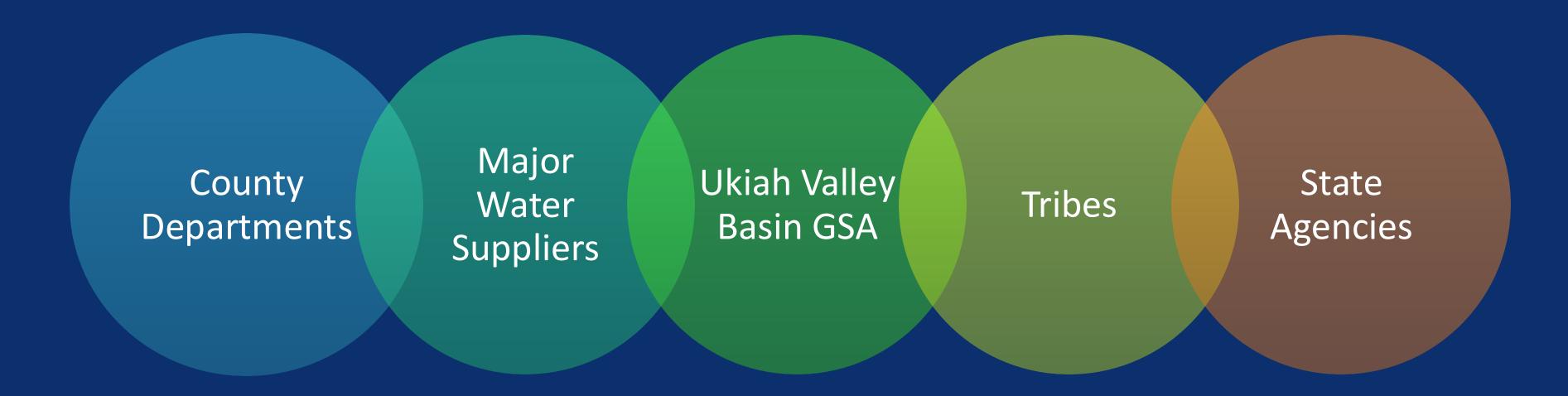
(1) Convene a standing Drought Task Force



(2) Develop a Drought Resilience Plan

Senate Bill 552 Mendocino County Drought Task Force

Comprised of core members that are representatives of organizations and agencies legally responsible for small water systems



Senate Bill 552 Drought Resilience Plan

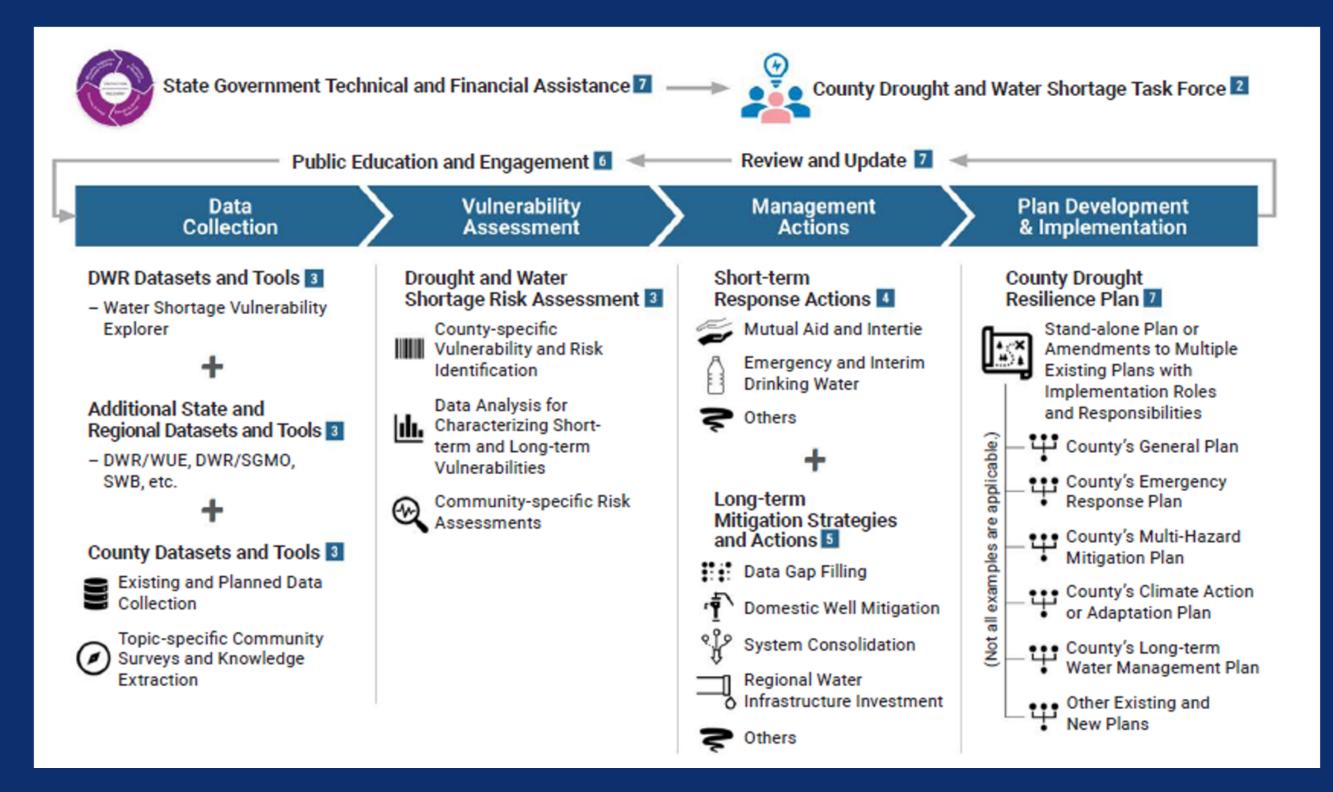
A plan demonstrating the potential drought and water shortage risk and proposing interim and long-term solutions for state small water systems and domestic wells within the County.





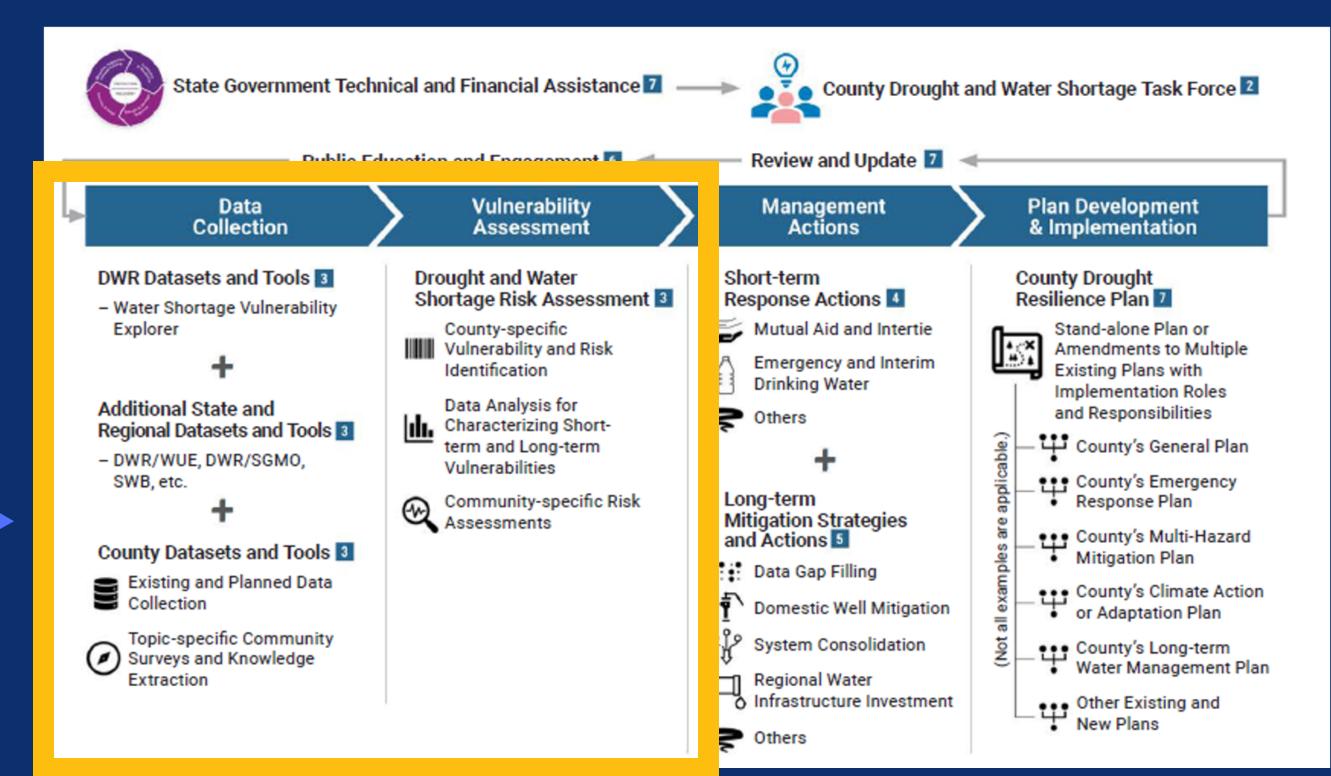


Senate Bill 552 DRP: Development Framework



Senate Bill 552 DRP: Development Framework

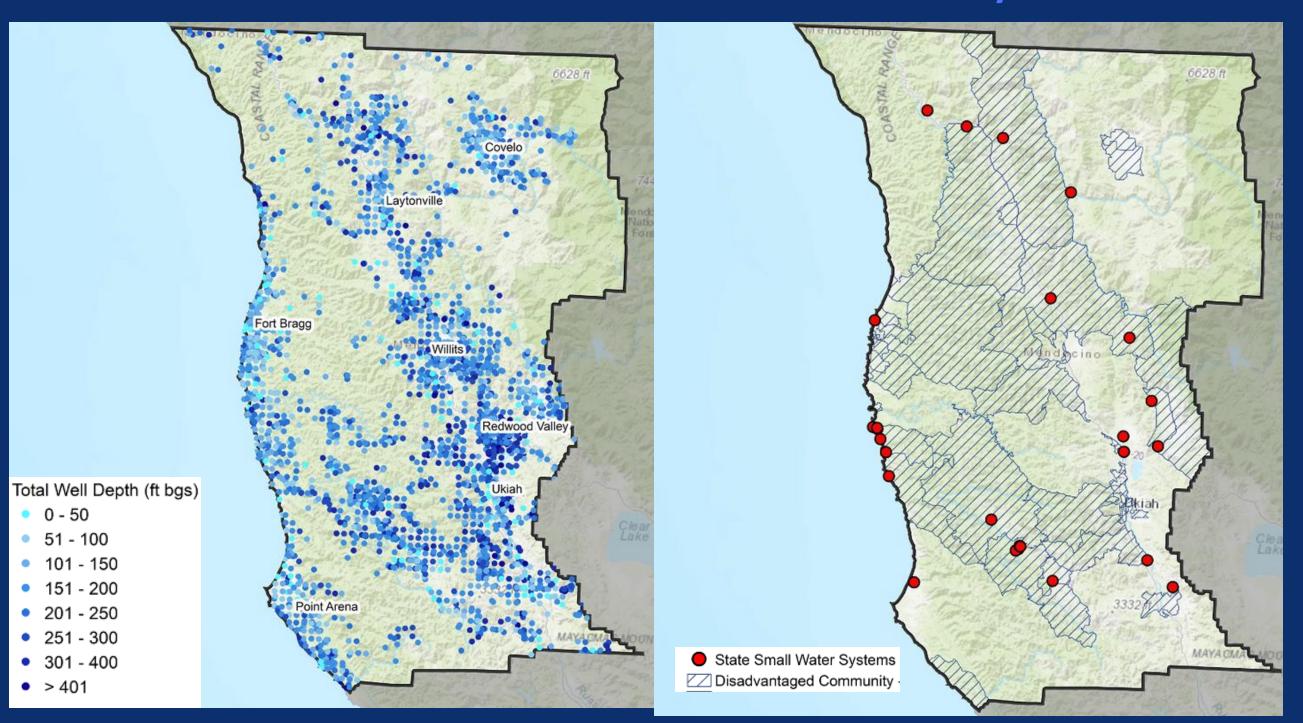
Workshop #1



Drought Resilience Plan 1) Data Collection

Domestic wells: 7,972

State small water systems: 27



Drought Resilience Plan 2) Vulnerability Assessment

Physical Vulnerabilities

Social **Vulnerabilities**

Legend
County Board of Supervisor Dist

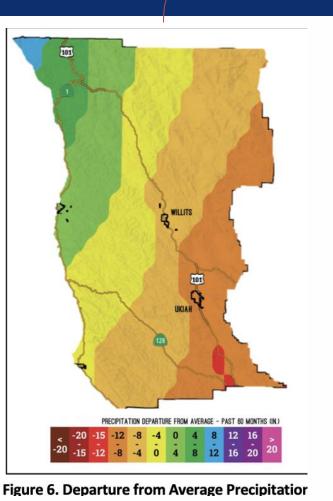


Figure 9. Water Quality Risk by Section

Contaminants)

2024 Water Quality Risk

medium (80% - 100% of comparison concentration)

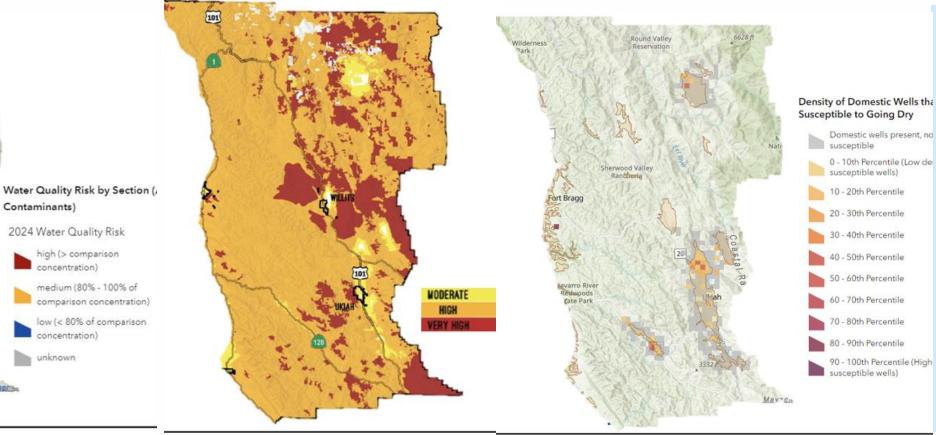
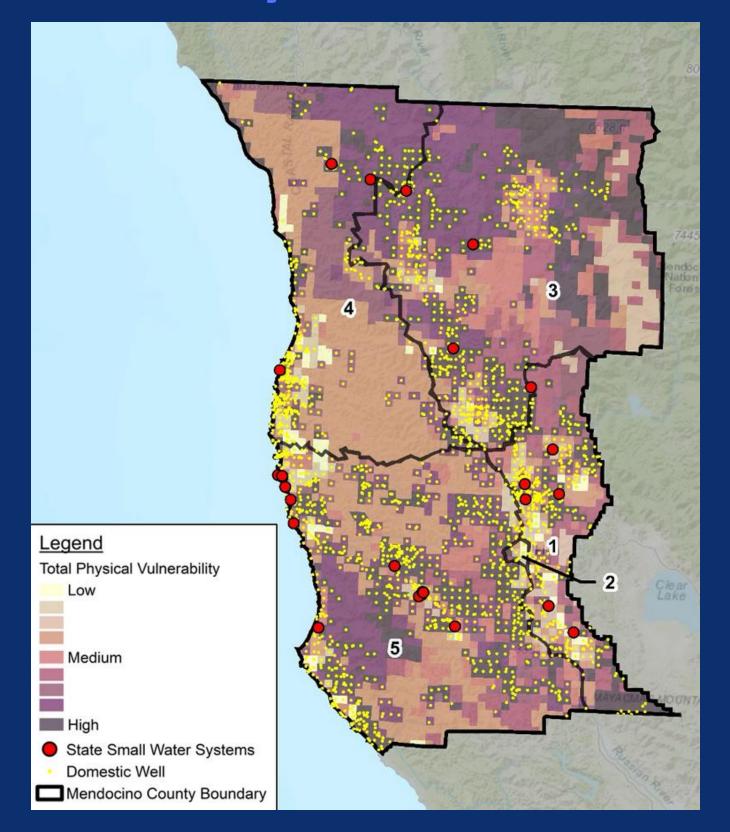


Figure 13. DWR Total Social Vulnerability Scoring Figure 10. Dry Well Susceptibility

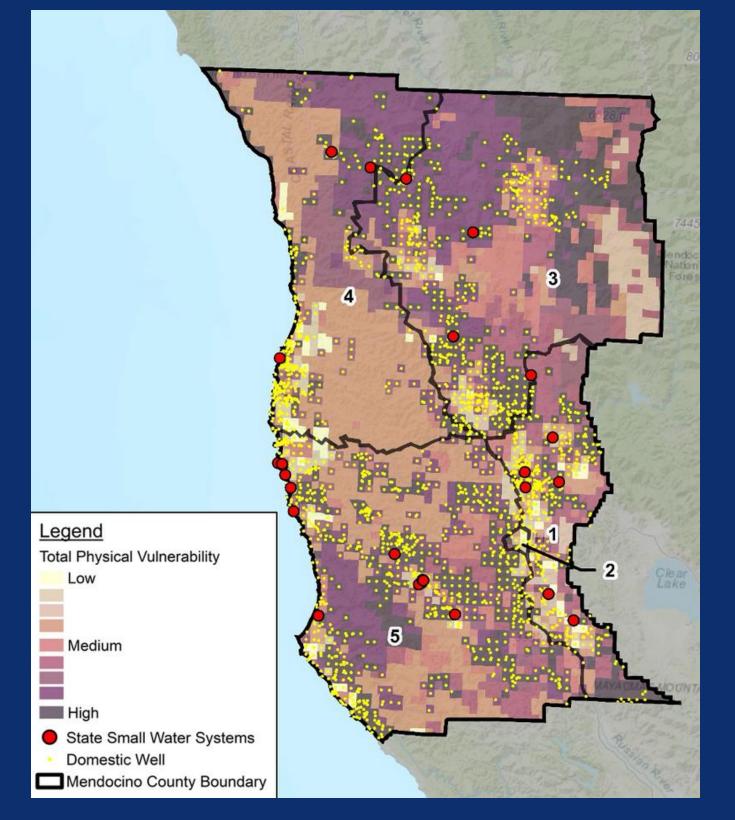
Figure 8. Wildfire Risk

Drought Resilience Plan 2) Vulnerability Assessment



In Mendocino
a total of 84% of
domestic wells and 93%
of state small water
systems are at high risk
of being impacted by
drought and water
shortages.

Drought Resilience Plan 2) Vulnerability Assessment



Domestic wells: 7,972

With 84% at high risk, approximately 6,696 wells could face water shortages during a drought.

State small water systems: 27

With 93% at high risk, 25 out of 27 State Small Water Systems show high vulnerability to drought.

At-risk Systems by BoS District

BoS D1: 6 systems

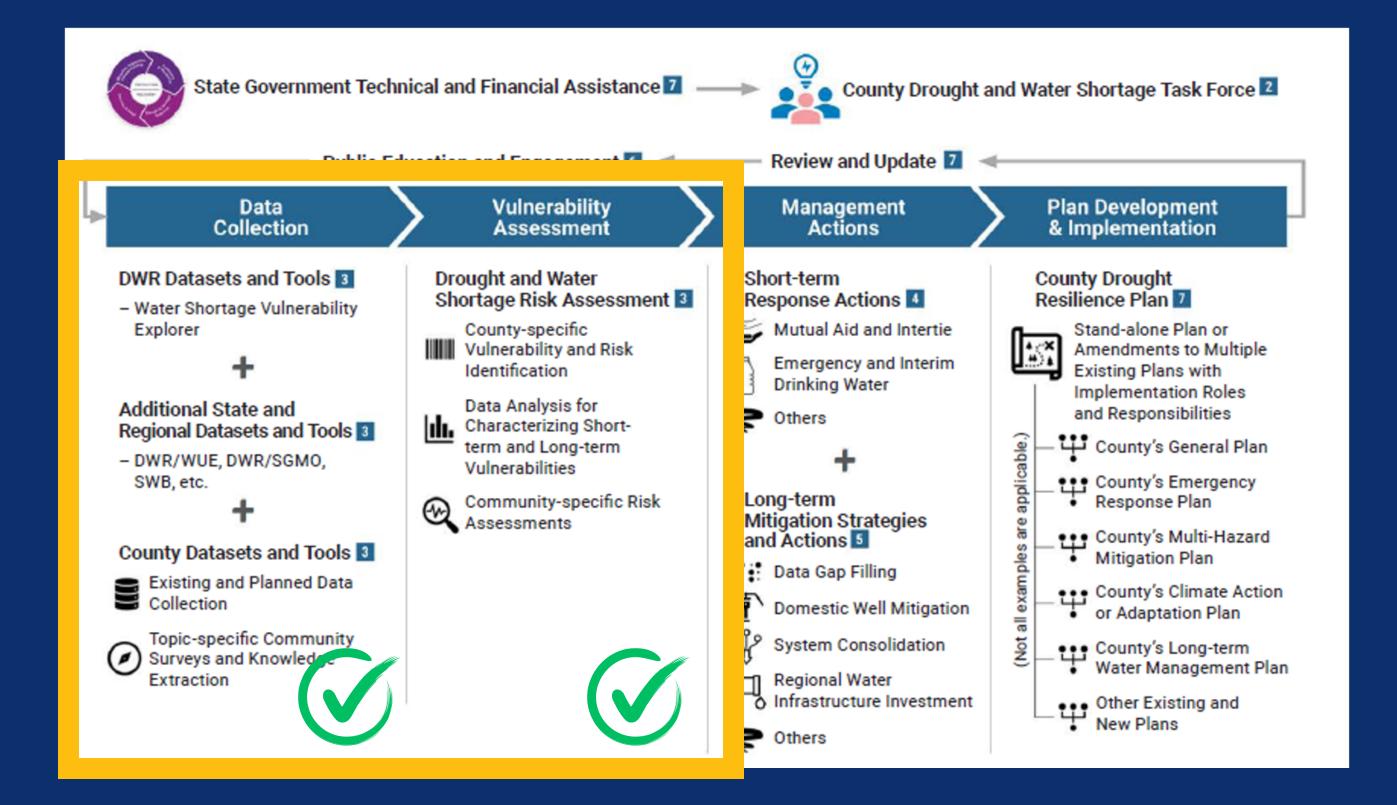
BoS D3: 4 systems

BoS D4: 3 systems

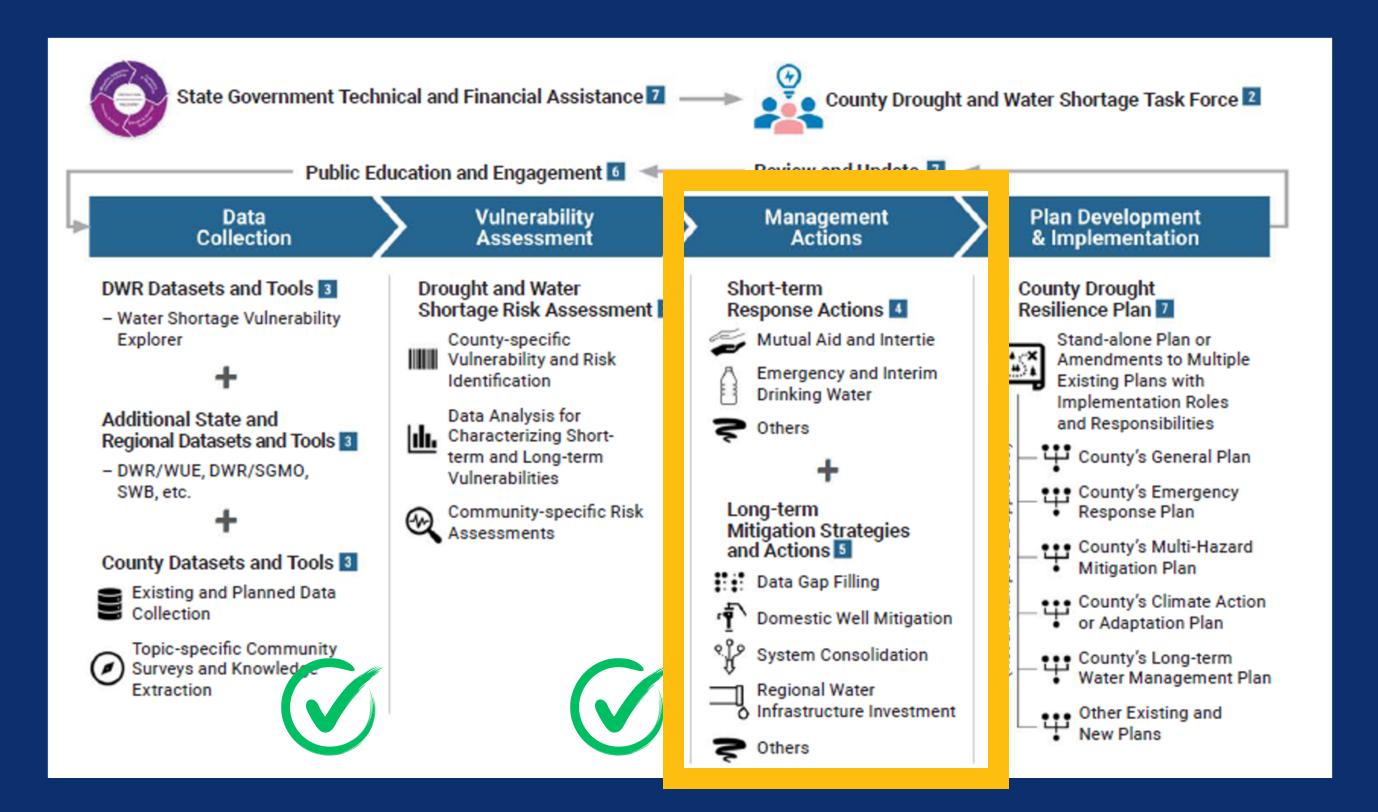
BoS D5: 12 systems

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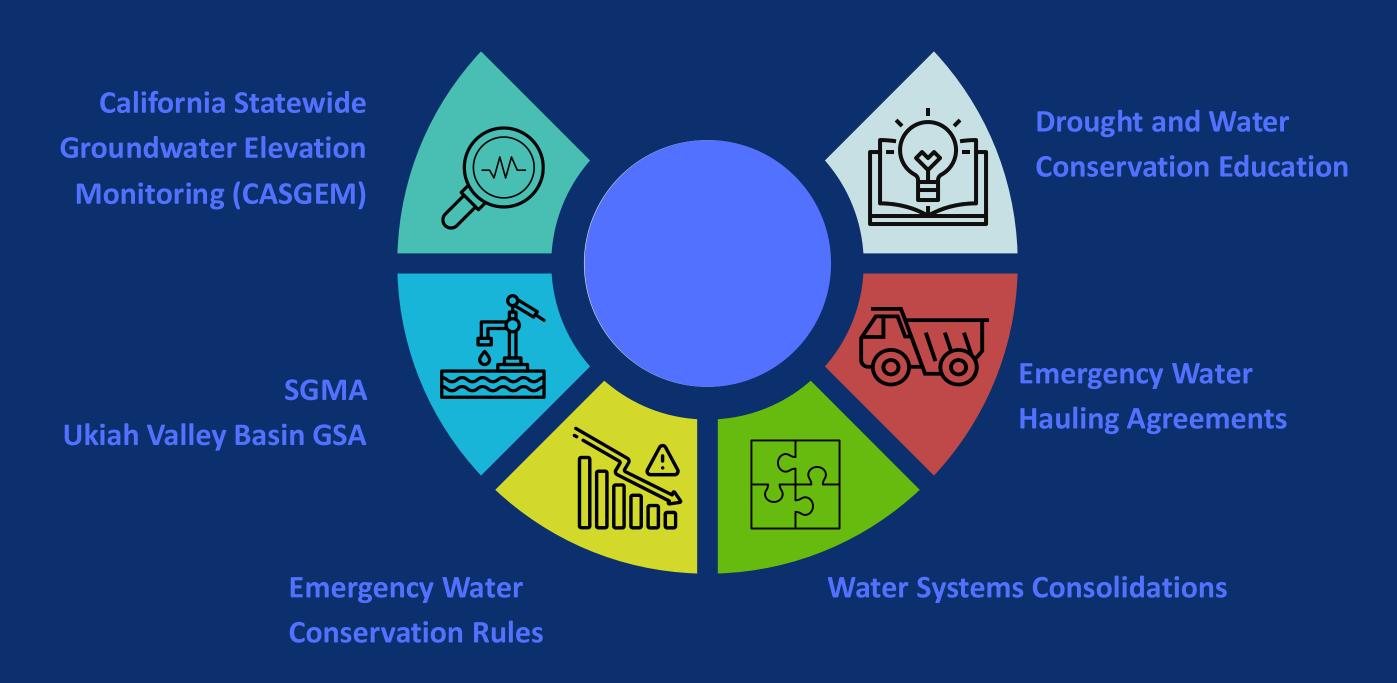
Senate Bill 552 DRP: Development Framework



Senate Bill 552 DRP: Development Framework



Previous Response Actions



Drought Response

Triggers

Are specific conditions that signal when a community is at risk of a water shortage. These are structured into stages of increasing severity

Stages

Stage 1)

Water Shortage Monitoring

Stage 2)

Water Shortage Warning

Stage 3)

Severe and Emergency Water Shortage

Actions

Designed to address the short-term and long-term impacts in response to drought triggers.

Drought Response

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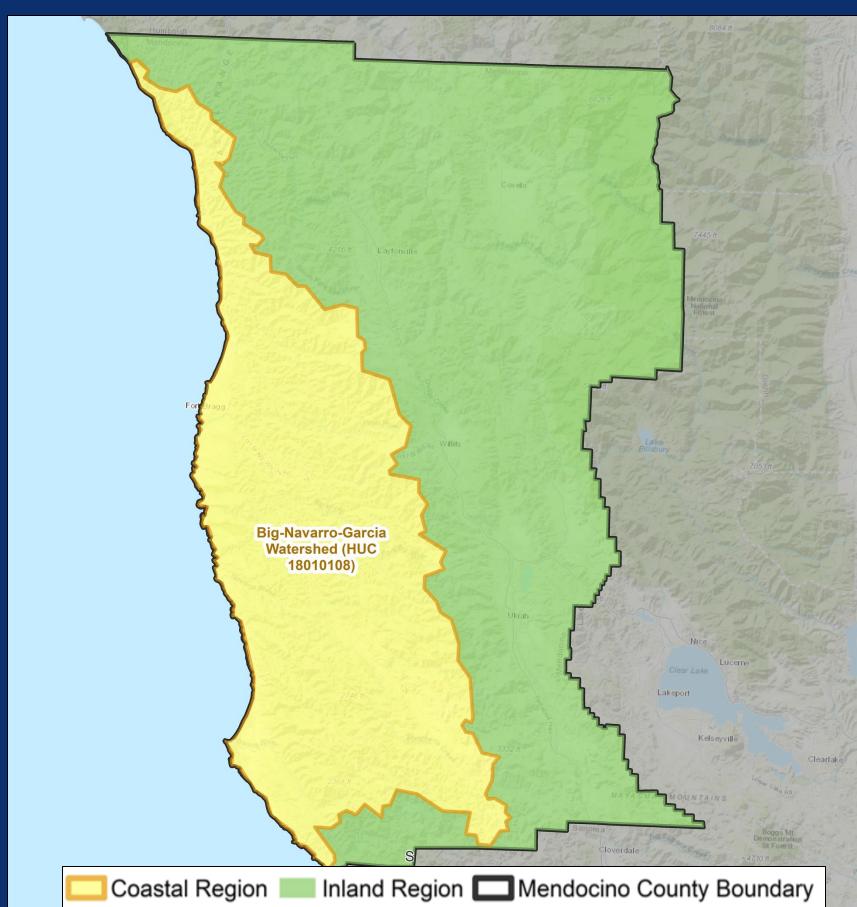
Actions

Designed to address the short-term and ng-term impacts in response to the drought triggers

Drought Response Triggers

Drought triggers are geographic focus:

- 1) County Wide
- 2) Regional: Coastal and Inland

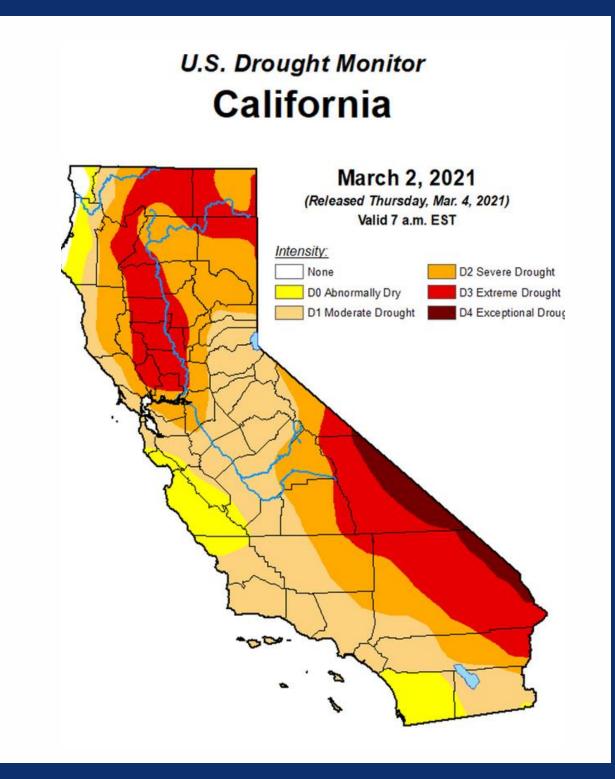


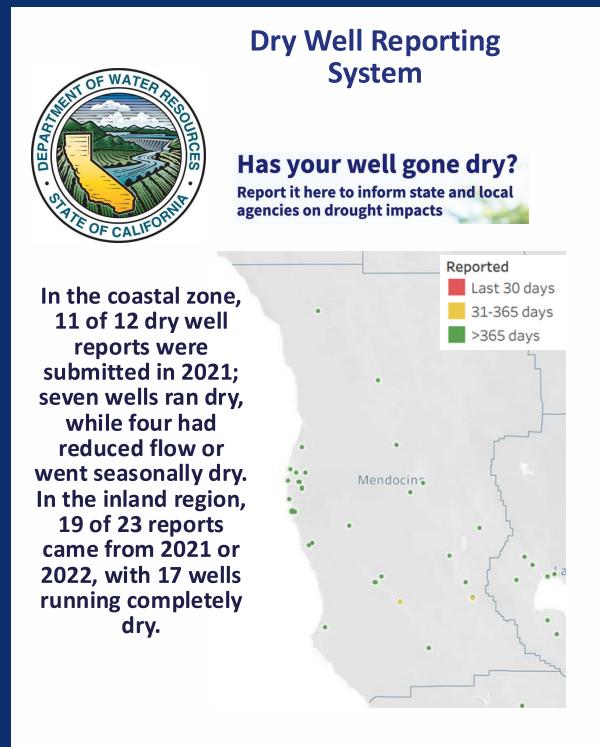
Drought Response Triggers

County Wide U.S. Drought Monitor

Regional Dry Well Reports

Regional Water-Year





Coastal Indicator: Accumulated Rain for Big-Navarro-Garcia Watershed

Average

---2016-2017

-2020-2021

Oct Nov Dec Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct

30

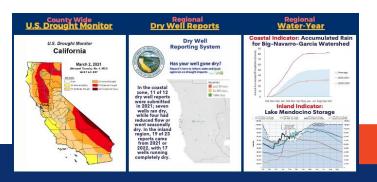
Inland Indicator: Lake Mendocino Storage



Drought Response

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Drought Response Stages

Drought Stage	Definitions	
1) Water Shortage Monitoring	Reflects non-drought conditions , in which the County is experiencing no significant water shortages or drought-related stress.	
2) Water Shortage Warning	Reflects light to moderate drought conditions within the County and triggers increased monitoring and drought response activities.	
3) Severe and Emergency Water Shortage	Reflects extreme drought conditions within the County, during which water users ma face severe water shortages.	



Drought Response Stages

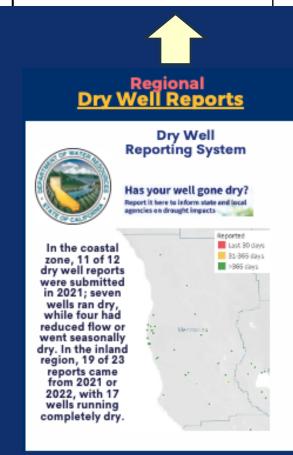
Drought Stage

COASTAL REGION

Current Year Hydrology **INLAND REGION**

Current Year Hydrology COUNTY

U.S. Drought Monitor

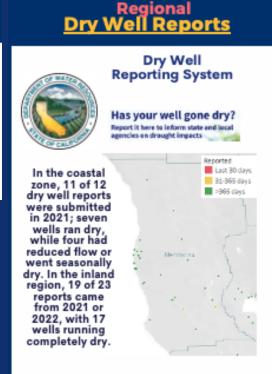


Dry Well Reports

Regional Water-Year

Coastal Indicator: Accumulated Rain for Big-Navarro-Garcia Watershed

Average 2016-2017



Dry Well Reports

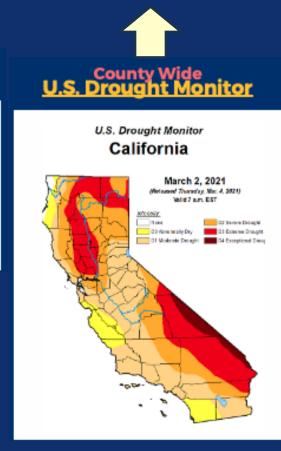
Regional Water-Year

Inland Indicator:
Lake Mendocino Storage

Indiana Indicator:
Lake Mendocino Storage

Indiana Indicator:
Lake Mendocino Storage

Indiana I





Drought Response Stages

Drought Stage	COASTAL REGION		INLAND REGION		COUNTY
	Dry Well Reports	Current Year Hydrology	Dry Well Reports	Current Year Hydrology	U.S. Drought Monitor
1) Water Shortage Monitoring	Less than 4 reports over any three-month period	Two-year precipitation total is 80% or more of average	Less than 4 reports over any three-month period	Lake Mendocino total storage is greater than 70% of total target water supply curve	None; OR D0 Abnormally Dry
2) Water Shortage Warning	4 – 12 reports over any three-month period	Two-year precipitation total is 50 – 80% of average	4 – 6 reports over any three-month period	Lake Mendocino total storage is 45 - 70% of total target water supply curve	D1 Moderate Drought; OR D2 Drought-Severe for less than 8 consecutive weeks
3) Severe and Emergency Water Shortage	12 or more reports over any three-month period	Two-year precipitation total is less than 50% average	6 or more reports over any three-month period	Lake Mendocino total storage is less than 45% of total target water supply curve	D2 Drought-Severe for 8 or more consecutive weeks; OR D3 Drought-Extreme; OR D4 Drought- Exceptional

Drought Response

Triggers

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Stages

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Water Shortage Monitoring

Stage 2)

Water Shortage Warning

Stage 3)

Severe and Emergency Water Shortage

Actions

Designed to address the short-term and long-term impacts in response to drought triggers.



Drought Response Actions

Drought Stages	Actions
1) Water Shortage Monitoring	Tracking, Monitoring, and Info Sharing Drought Task Force Sharing Mutual Aid Agreements Mutual Aid Agreements Coordination (GSA, State, NGOs) Community Engagement and Outreach
2) Water Shortage Warning	Community Engagement and Outreach Cutbacks Temporary Ordinances
3) Severe and Emergency Water Shortage	Identify Additional Funding Emergency and Interim Drinking Water Supplies Emergency Declarations



Drought Response Actions

Drought Stages	Actions	Lead agencies
1) Water Shortage Monitoring	Track drought response triggers Convene CDTF meetings GSA coordination and Partnership with NGOs Implementation of mutual aid agreements Community engagement and outreach	Mendocino County Water Agency (MCWA) County Drought Task Force (CDTF), MCWA UVBGSA, MCWA CDTF members CDTF members, MCWA
2) Water Shortage Warning	Continue Stage I actions Enhance community engagement and outreach Voluntary water cutbacks Temporary ordinances	See agencies above CDTF members, MCWA CDTF members Board of Supervisors (BoS), Executive Office (EO)
3) Severe and Emergency Water Shortage	Continue Stage 1 and 2 actions County, State, and Federal emergency declarations Identification of funding Emergency/Interim water supplies (filling stations, water hauling, bottled water)	See agencies above BoS, EO, Office of Emergency Services (OES) EO and County Grants Unit County OES, MCWA, CDTF members

CDTF: County Drought Task Force; **GSA**: Groundwater Sustainability Agency; **MCWA**: Mendocino County Water Agency; **UVBGSA**: Ukiah Valley Basin GSA; **EO**:

Executive Office; **BoS**: Board of Supervisors; **County OES**: County Office of Emergency Services



Long-Term Action:

Long-term improvement through continued outreach and education and facilitating collaboration, coordination, and agreements between water systems and agencies, aligned with Stage 1 Drought actions.

Stage 1 Actions

Tracking,
Monitoring, and Info
Sharing

Drought Task Force

Mutual Aid Agreements Partnerships & Coordination (GSA, State, NGOs)

Community
Engagement and
Outreach

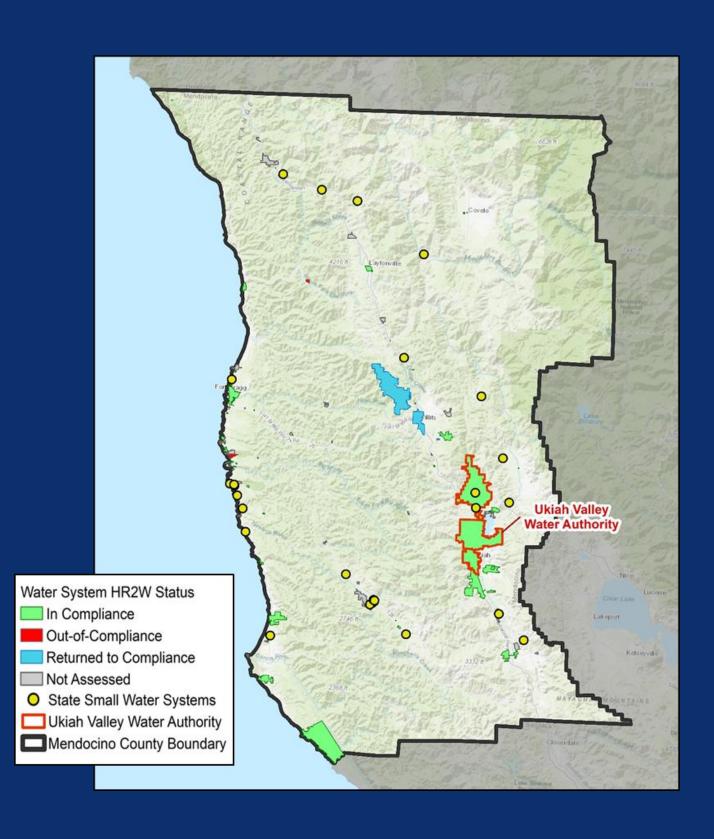


Long-Term Mitigation: Consolidation

Consolidation can lead to enhanced water supply reliability and resiliency for State Small Water Systems

Types of Consolidation

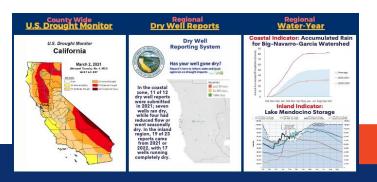
- Managerial: Systems merge their technical, managerial, and financial components
- **Physical**: Systems merge, share, and/or expand their physical water system infrastructure
- **Regionalization**: Consolidation on a larger scale; multiple water systems form a single system



Drought Response

Triggers

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Stages

Stage 1)

Water Shortage Monitoring

Stage 2)

Water Shortage Warning

Stage 3)

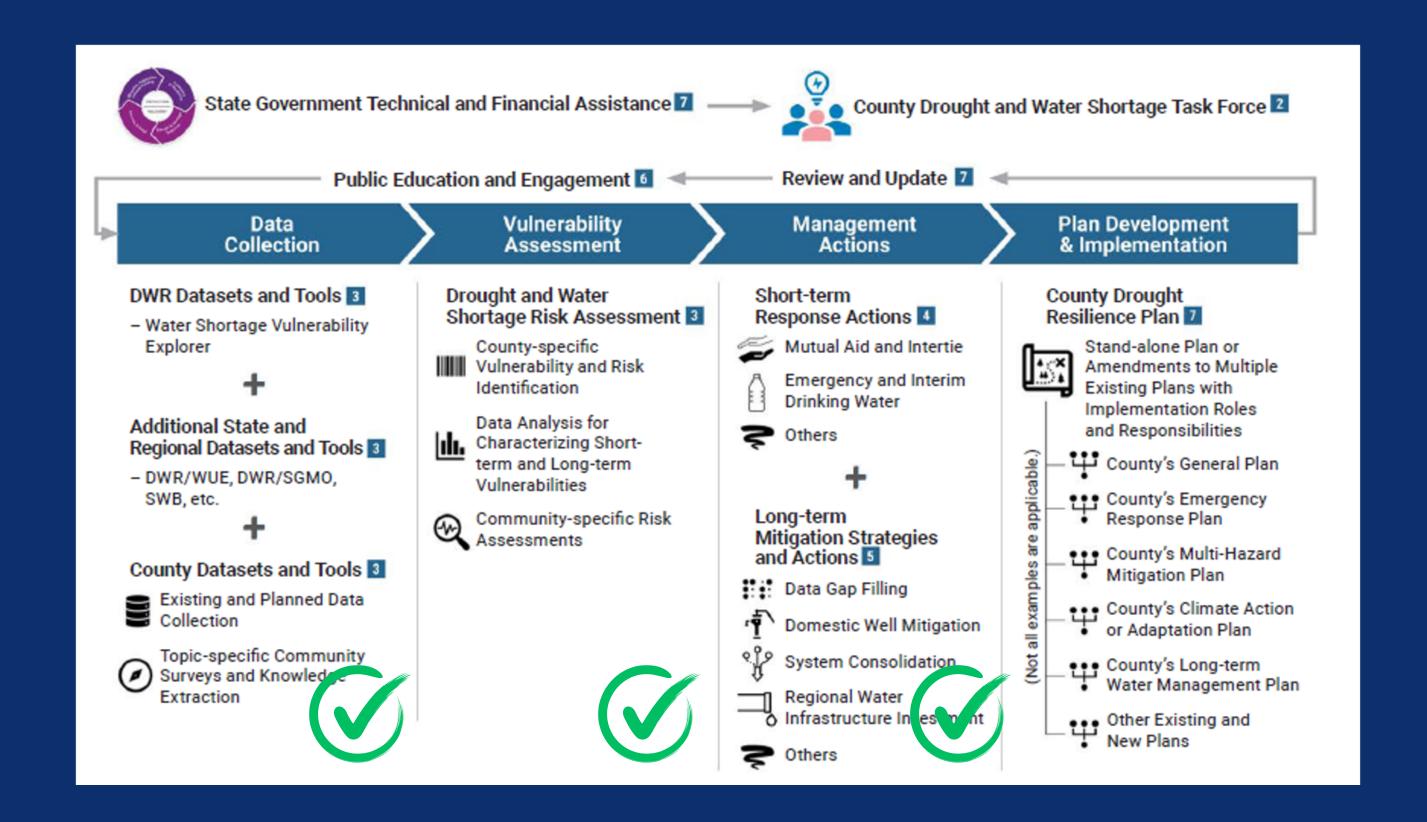
Severe and Emergency Water Shortage

Actions

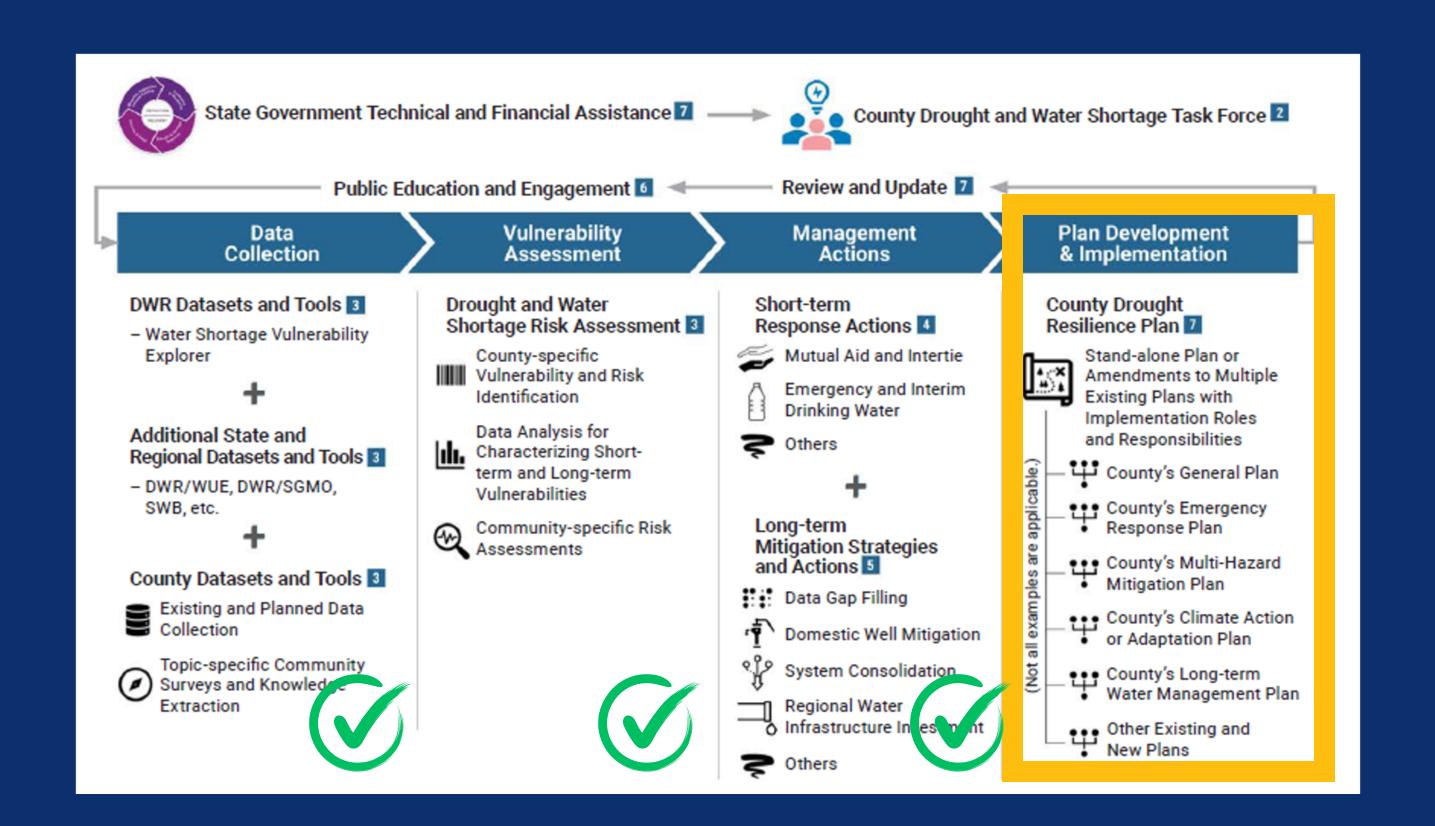
Designed to address the short-term and long-term impacts in response to drought triggers.



Senate Bill 552 Drought Resilience Plan



Senate Bill 552 Drought Resilience Plan



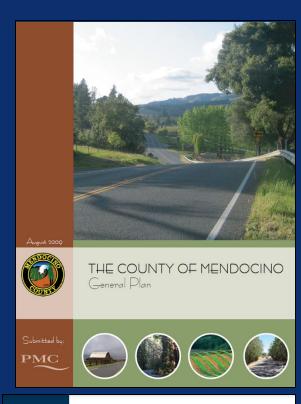
Drought Resilience Plan 4) Plan Implementation

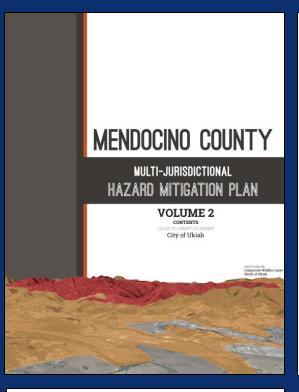
The DRP will be implemented through a collective effort among:

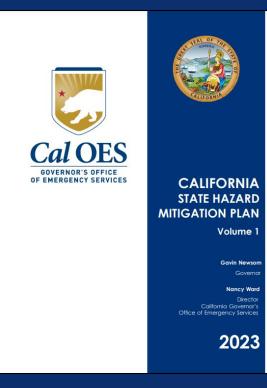
MCWA, County departments, and local agencies, including CDTF members.

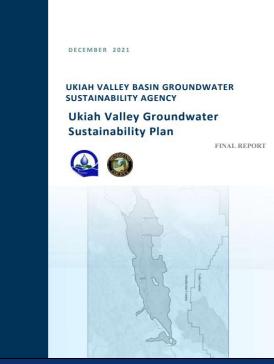
The DRP is a standalone document that will be implemented in conjunction with other state, county, and local plans

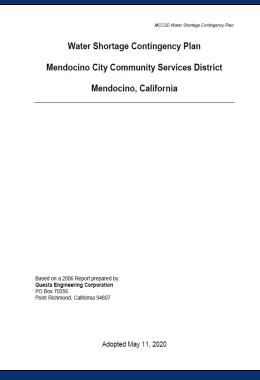
- State and County Hazard Mitigation Plans
- County General Plan
- City and County Emergency Operations Plans
- City and water supplier planning documents
- Ukiah Valley Basin GSP

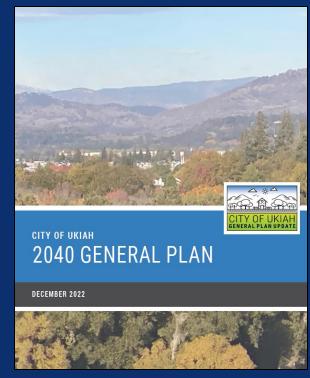












Drought Resilience Plan 4) Plan Implementation: Considerations

Adaptive Management

County will assess and update the DRP as needed to reflect:

- Changing conditions
- Availability of new data
- Adjustments to response actions based on drought events
- CDTF discussions on agency roles and response actions/triggers

Funding

Led by Grants Unit and Executive Office

Federal Assistance Programs

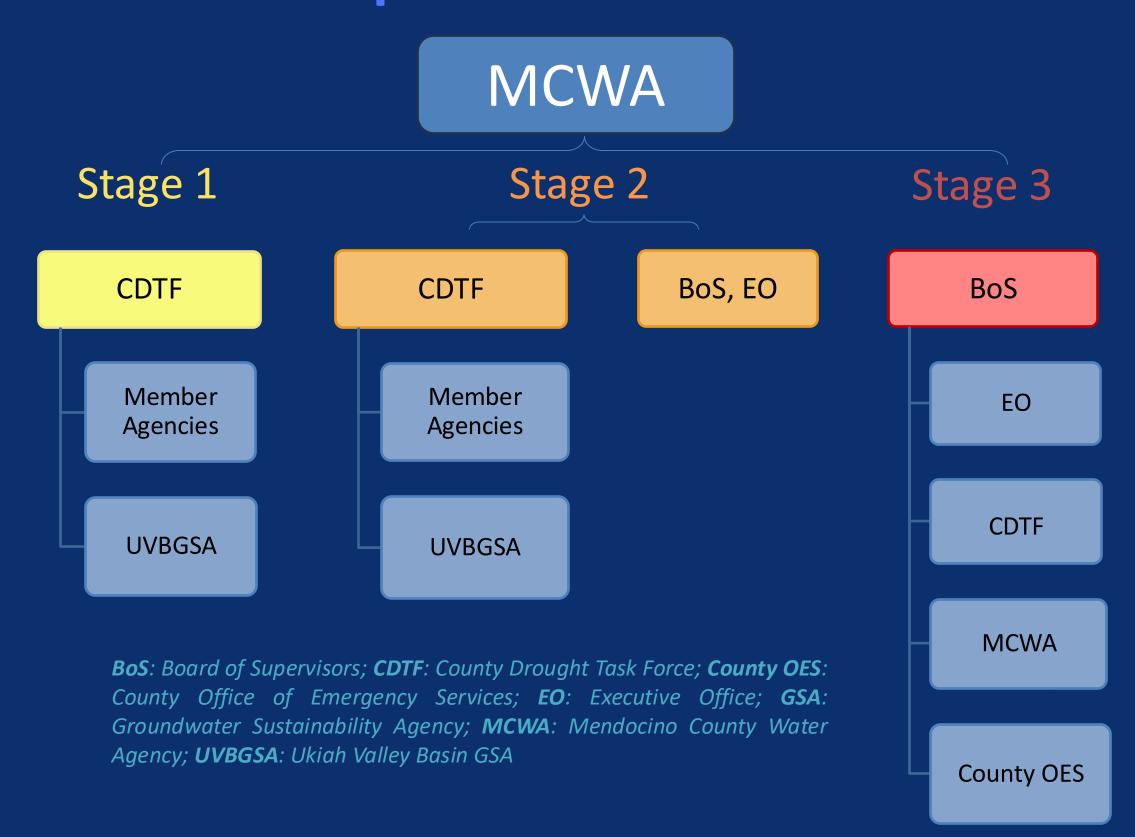
USDA, Reclamation's WaterSmart Program

State Grants and Loans

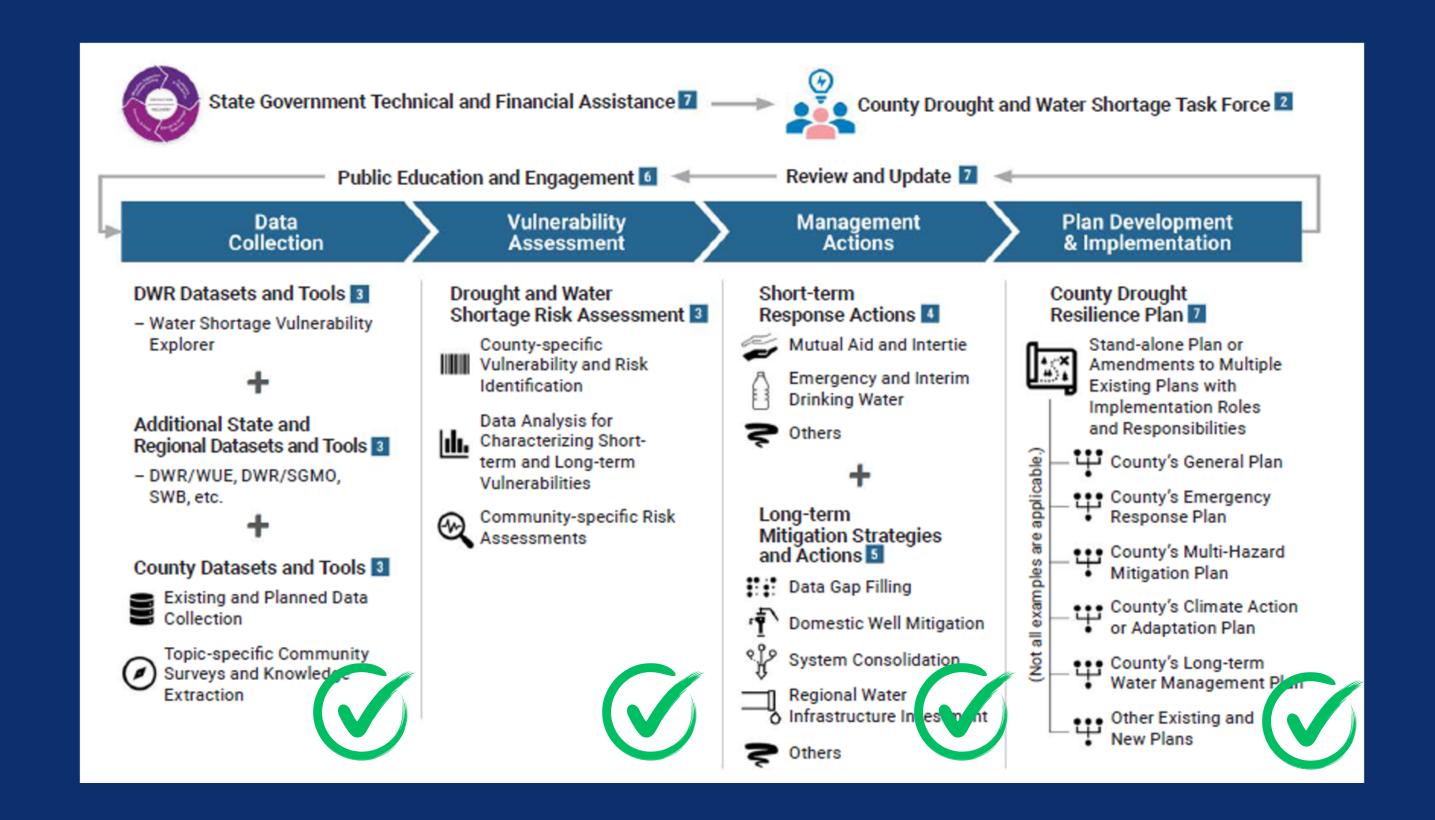
- <u>DWR</u>, <u>SWRCB</u>: Includes funding for consolidation, emergencies, direct technical assistance, etc.
- California Financing Coordinating Committee: list of state, federal, nonprofit, and other funding programs

Drought Resilience Plan 4) Plan Implementation: Road Map

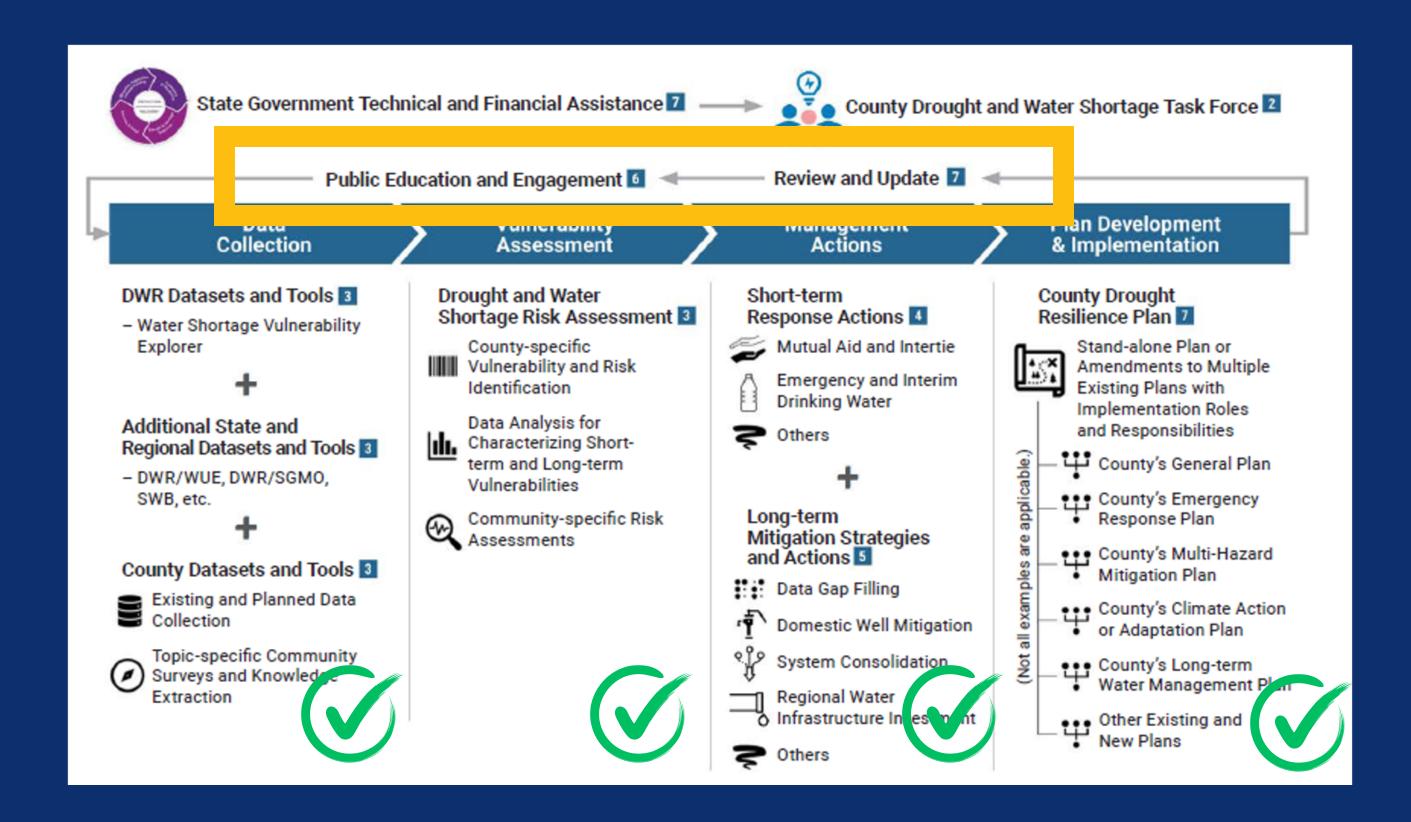
- MCWA will oversee implementation of the DRP.
 - Implementation of actions and programs under DRP by MCWA and other County Departments will follow BoS's directions.
- The lead agency/agencies responsible for implementing actions is dependent on the drought stage and specific response action.



Senate Bill 552 Drought Resilience Plan



Senate Bill 552 Drought Resilience Plan



Review and Public Comment Process

Drought Resilience Plan Review and Commenting Process

The purpose of the Review and Comment Period is to gather broad feedback from across the County, encourage collaboration, and ensure transparency in the development of the DRP.



Public comments can strengthen the DRP by providing the authoring agency with **facts or perspectives** that were lacking in the original draft.

Drought Resilience Plan Review and Commenting Process

How much time do I have?

Commenting period will take 30 days, from March 25th to April 25th

Where can I submit my comment?

The DRP Webpage will have a dedicated site to download the Plan's draft and submit your comments.



Drought Resilience Plan Commenting Process

Review and Commenting Form

For general comments: By completing the "General Commenting Form" on the County DRP webpage

For more detailed comments: By completing the "Review and Commenting Form" and submitting the file through the "General Commenting Form"

Mendocino County

Review And Commenting Form

Mendocino County Drought Resilience Plan

Dear Reviewer,

Per Senate Bill 552 requirements, a Drought Resilience Plan (DRP) is under development for the County of Mendocino (County). As part of this process, the County welcomes feedback on draft sections of the DRP from the broad interests and perspectives of the public.

REVIEWER INSTRUCTIONS:

Given the large number of reviewers, accommodating track changes or other editing ontions within.

the original draft sections distributed to all public re to tracked changes editing, comments on the DRP v

- For general comments: By completing the DRP webpage; or
- For more detailed comments: By comple file as an attachment to the <u>General Comme</u>

As stated above, for more detailed comments, plea the following instructions:

- Use the form below to submit your commer
- If you prefer to remain anonymous, leav completing the other required fields.
- For suggested text changes, copy and paste track changes or strikethrough formatting distinguish between the original text and you
 Indicate the DRP section and page number
- comment, question, or suggested edit applie

 Examples of how to provide feedback are

delete these examples before submitting yo

Please submit this review form as an attachment to DRP webpage.

Please send your comments no later than April 2

Thanks for contributing to the draft DRP for the Co

Mendocino County

Reviewer Name	Submission Date	DRP Sections Reviewed
Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap to enter a date.	Enter section number(s) here or "DRP Document" in the case that the entire document was reviewed.

Page Number Suggested revision (please delete example text in red below once you submit)

DDD Dogo # DDD Section Suggested Povision

DRP Page #	DRP Section	Suggested Revision
3-11	3.3.1.1	However, it is difficult to estimate how many existing domestic and
		public supply wells are screened in fractured rock aguifers. MCCSD is
		a notable example of a community that is known to have individual
		supply wells screened in fractured rock and may be more susceptible to
		household water outages during drought conditions.

Best Practices for Written Commenting



1. Before you comment:

- a. Identify, collect, and review background information: DRP Website, Factsheets, PPTs...
- b. Create a checklist of important considerations (e.g. response actions)

2. Reviewing the document:

- a. Focus on particular sections and skim others
- b. Check the document against your checklist, create notes.

3. Preparing to comment:

- a. Define your objectives
 - i. E.g. ensure my small water system is mapped, or to catch and correct factual errors or data gaps.
- b. Use clear organization, formatting, and language.
 - i. Use headings and sub-headings to separate your points, Phrase your comments as statements, not questions, avoid dense blocks of text, etc.

Next Steps and Important Dates

Next Steps and Follow-up meetings

Meeting	Date	Planned Topic
CDTF Meeting	February 26, 2025	Presentation on:Proposed Short-Term and Long-Term Response ActionsImplementation roadmap
CDTF Meeting	March 26, 2025	 Public workshop on draft DRP: Summary of outreach efforts Overview of draft DRP Public commenting process Adoption process
BoS Meeting	May 20, 2025	 Presentation on: Summary of comments received and how they were addressed Resolution to authorize County staff to upload final DRP to DWR portal

Thank You.

Laura Garza

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Mendocino and Lake Counties
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Email: amani@ekiconsult.com



