Breeding for Resistance to Soilborne Pathogens in Strawberry

Mitchell J Feldmann, Steven J Knapp, Dominique DA Pincot, Marta L Bjornson, Peter M Henry, Christine J Dilla-Ermita, Randi A Famula, Glenn S Cole, Allison Krill-Brown

University of California, Davis Department of Plant Sciences UCD Strawberry Breeding Program

23 Annual Strawberry Production Meeting in Ventura County; 09/13/2024





New UCD Strawberry Breeding Team



Dr. Mitchell J. **Feldmann**

Director of the **Strawberry Breeding** Program



Allison Krill-Brown



Cindy Lopez



To be hired 2025

Strawberry Breeder

Research Associate Trial Manager

Research Assistant Trial Manager





UCD Strawberry Team+

Pictured: Steven Knapp, Omar Gonzalez-Benitez, Hillel Brukental, Glenn Cole, Mitchell Feldmann, Marco Castellacci, Jade Dilla-Ermita, Dominique Pincot, Mishi Vachev, Marta Bjornson, Alicia Sillers, Nico Jimenez, Peter Henry, Isaac Rainwater, Cindy Ramirez Lopez, Randi Famula Not Pictured: Allison Krill-Brown, Eduardo Garcia, Nayeli Valencia, Paul Skillin, Caitlyn Morgan, Ella Halberstadt







UC Strawberry Breeding Program Goal

Produce varieties with a complete disease-resistance package that are **high-yielding**, **producible** by nurseries, **shelf-stable**, **great tasting**, and **profitable** for growers.



Photo: Fresa Fortaleza

We select for **Fusarium wilt, Macrophomina charcoal rot, Verticillium wilt,** and **Phytophthora crown rot**—"the fearsome four"—resistant varieties <u>under extreme disease pressure.</u>

Intense phenotyping and modern genetic tools have greatly increased our ability to concentrate favorable traits and deliver value to stakeholders.



Improving disease resistance without compromising yield

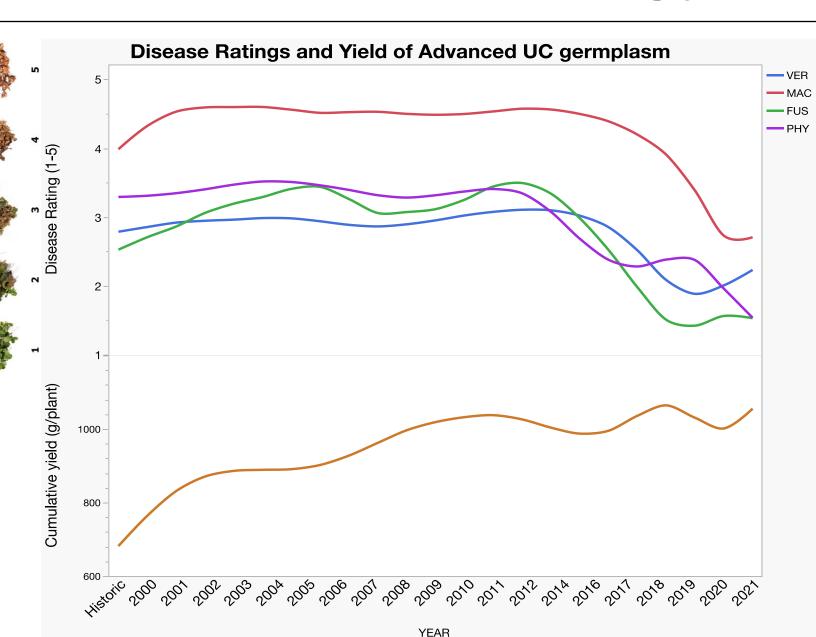
Verticillium wilt resistance improved by 0.6 units (14.8%)

Fusarium wilt resistance improved by 1.5 units (37.5%)

Phytophthora crown rot resistance improved by 1.4 units. (35.8%)

Macrophomina charcoal rot resistance improved by 1.6 units (40.6%)

UCDAVIS DEPARTMENT OF PLANT SCIENCESCollege of Agricultural and Environmental Sciences



Fusarium Wilt

Started studying FW (race 1) in 2015

Discovered FW1 resistance QTL Published in 2018 – G3

Discovered more resistance QTL creating durable resistance to FW Race 1

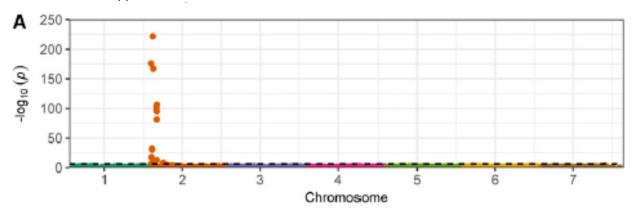
Published in 2022 -TAG

Genetic marker designs and sources of resistance are available.



Genome-Wide Association Mapping Uncovers Fw1, a Dominant Gene Conferring Resistance to Fusarium Wilt in Strawberry

Dominique D. A. Pincot,* Thomas J. Poorten,* Michael A. Hardigan,* Julia M. Harshman,* Charlotte B. Acharya,* Glenn S. Cole,* Thomas R. Gordon,[†] Michelle Stueven,[†] Patrick P. Edger,[‡] and Steven J. Knapp*,¹



Novel Fusarium wilt resistance genes uncovered in natural and cultivated strawberry populations are found on three non-homoeologous chromosomes

Dominique D. A. Pincot¹ • Mitchell J. Feldmann¹ • Michael A. Hardigan² • Mishi V. Vachev¹ • Peter M. Henry³ • Thomas R. Gordon⁴ • Marta Bjornson¹ • Alan Rodriguez¹ • Nicolas Cobo⁵ • Randi A. Famula¹ • Glenn S. Cole¹ • Gitta L. Coaker¹ • Steven J. Knapp¹

FW1 then Favorable allele frequency 18% Guardian >50% of UC Plants sold were 61S016P006 · Susceptible Shasta. Tufts - Wiltguard 39C082P019 97C085P006 Portola A/A Resistant A/G Resistant G/G Susceptible G/G Resistant Fronteras

Untested

FW1 Now

present in 99% of resistant individuals in the UC breeding program





Macrophomina Charcoal Rot

Started studying Macrophomina resistance in 2015.

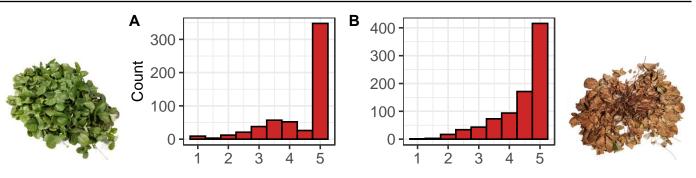
Discovered 10 resistance QTL

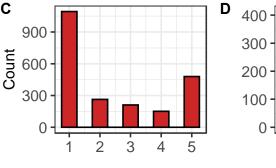
Published 2024- Horticulture Research

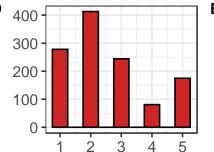
Transgressive segregation, hopeful monsters, and phenotypic selection drove rapid genetic gains and breakthroughs in predictive breeding for quantitative resistance to *Macrophomina* in strawberry

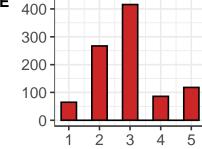
Steven J. Knapp^{1,4*}, Glenn S. Cole^{1,4}, Dominique D.A. Pincot^{1,4}, Christine Jade Dilla-Ermita^{1,2}, Marta Bjornson¹, Randi A. Famula¹, Thomas R. Gordon³, Julia M. Harshman¹. Peter M. Henry² and Mitchell J. Feldmann^{1,4}

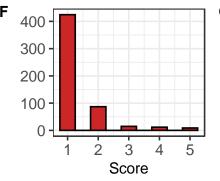
Genetic marker designs and sources of resistance are available.

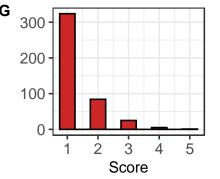








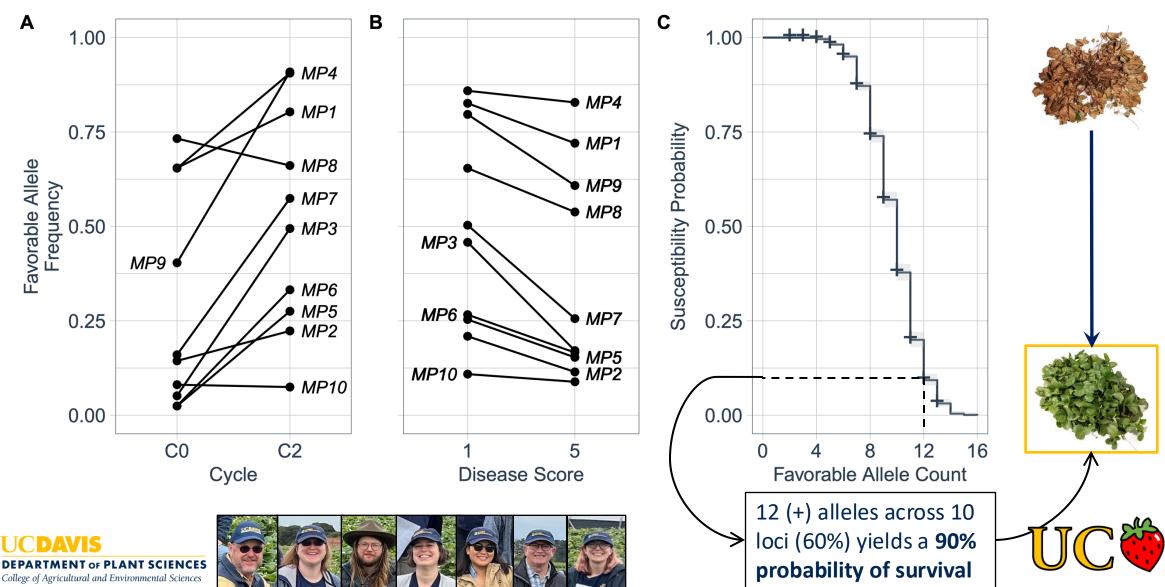






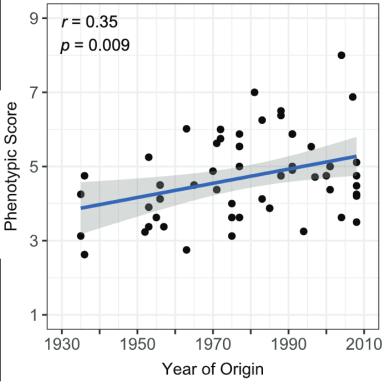


Concentrating favorable alleles creates plants Resistant to Macrophomina (MAC stack)



Verticillium Wilt





- •Genetic gains in breeding for resistance to Verticillium wilt have been negative over the last 165 years.
- •Less than 3% of the germplasm accessions phenotyped were classified as highly resistant.
- •The strongest sources of resistance were heirloom cultivars and ecotypes predicted to carry favorable alleles that are not found in modern cultivars.
- •No large effect loci. Genomic selection has significant potential to increase genetic gains and accelerate resistance

Accuracy of genomic selection and long-term genetic gain for resistance to Verticillium wilt in strawberry

 Publications 2020 and 2023 – The Plant Genome

Accelerating genetic gains for quantitative resistance to verticillium wilt through predictive breeding in strawberry

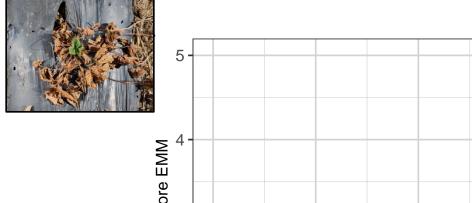
Mitchell J. Feldmann Dominique D. A. Pincot Mishi V. Vachev Frandi A. Famula Franci Glenn S. Cole Steven J. Knapp







Phytophthora Crown Rot





1950

1975

Year

- •Resistance is genetically complex. A large effect locus, (*FaRPc2*) is necessary but not sufficient for resistance.
- •Genetic gains can be accelerated by MAS + genomic prediction.
- •The strongest sources of resistance were heirloom cultivars developed before the advent of soil fumigation.

ORIGINAL ARTICLE

2022

Harnessing under utilized gene bank diversity and genomic prediction of cross usefulness to enhance resistance to Phytophthora cactorum in strawberry

Nicolás P. Jiménez[#] | Mitchell J. Feldmann[#] | Randi A. Famula | Dominique D. A. Pincot | Marta Bjornson | Glenn S. Cole | Steven J. Knapp

1925



2000



Actions speaking louder than words

100% of new UC Davis varieties are Resistant to Fusarium **Consumer ratings were** better than current commercial varieties.



'UC Surfline'



Short Day Early fruiting & yield **Fusarium Resistant**

'UC Monarch'



Extended Short Day Exposed fruit Small plant canopy **Fusarium Resistant**

'UC Golden Gate' 'UC Keystone'



Day Neutral Early to midseason Excellent shelf-life

Fusarium Resistant



Day Neutral Mid-to-late season High marketable yields **Fusarium Resistant**

'UC Eclipse'



Extreme Day Neutral Summer plant Large Fruit **Fusarium Resistant**





Disease Resistance Ratings of UC Varieties

(2016-2024)

1 = Resistant5 = Susceptible

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Variety	FUS	MAC	VER	PHY
Albion	4.2	4.7	3.0	3.4
Cabrillo	4.1	4.3	2.8	2.8
Camarosa	4.3	5.0	3.2	3.0
Chandler	3.9	4.7	2.3	3.4
Fronteras	1.3	4.1	2.5	2.5
Monterey	4.0	4.6	2.8	3.3
Portola	1.6	4.0	3.1	2.5
San Andreas	1.1	4.8	N/A	2.4
UC Eclipse	1.1	4.0	2.0	2.6
UC Golden Gate		4.1	2.8	2.4
UC Keystone	1.4	3.9	2.5	2.2
UC Monarch	1.1	3.1	2.4	2.1
UC Surfline	1.0	3.4	1.5	1.5
UCD Finn	4.5	5.0	3.0	3.7
UCD Mojo		2.4	2.1	2.6
UCD Moxie	1.4	4.6	2.4	2.9
UCD Royal Royce		3.5	2.5	2.7
UCD Valiant	3.6	3.7	2.3	2.7
UCD Victor	1.1	4.5	2.8	2.2
UCD Warrior	1.1	3.1	2.4	2.3



Breeding for Organic Growers

~12% of total CA Organic Acreage for 2023 (CSC)

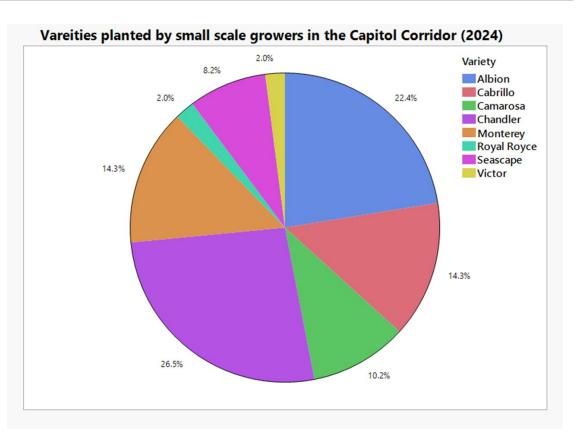
~60% of fall planted acres are in Watsonville/Salinas Area

~70% Summer planted acres in Santa Maria

Variety	Acreage
Cabrillo	281
% State	5.8%
Fronteras	230
% State	4.7%
Monterey	532
% State	11.0%
Other	79
% of State	1.6%
Portola	935
% State	19.2%
Proprietary	2,608
% State	53.7%
Royal Royce	38
% State	0.8%
San Andreas	73
% State	1.5%
Sweet Ann	46
% State	0.9%
Unreported / Underreported	39
% State	0.8%
Total	4,860

Organic Statewide by Variety





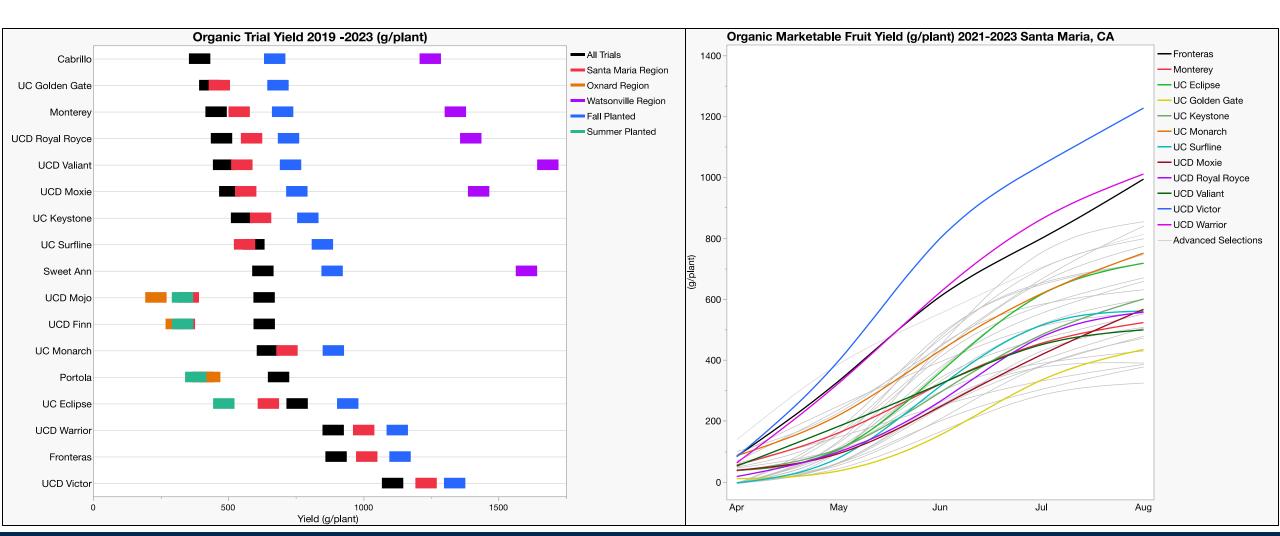
Smaller local market growers*

Margaret Lloyd, UCCE Organic Agriculture and Small Farms Advisor. Capitol Corridor, Yolo, Solano Counties

Lindsey Kelly- UCCE Small & Organic Farms, Community Education Specialist.



Breeding for Organic Growers







Thanks to the Organize





Thanks to our supporters, collaborators, and funding agencies!























































































































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