# Strawberry Plant Collapse: Recent Developments in California

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# Situation: 2005 to Now

- Plant collapse occurring in fumigated fields.
- Affected areas enlarge each year.
- Additional fields are found each year.
- Cases seen in central coast, southern California, south central coast.
- Severe dieback/death occurs late in season.
- Associated with plant stress (weather, fruit load) and changes in fumigation practices (Telone C35, InLine).

# **Strawberry Soilborne Pathogens**

- "Major"
  - Verticillium
  - Phytophthora
  - Colletotrichum
- "Minor"
  - Rhizoctonia
  - Pythium
  - Cylindrocarpon
  - Macrophomina
  - others





# **Recent Findings**

- Macrophomina phaseoli is most often associated with these collapse problems.
- A Fusarium has also been associated with the plant collapse.
- The "major" pathogens have not been found in these cases.





## Macrophomina phaseolina









## **Crown inoculation**



## Crown inoc.:: Cultivar susceptibility

<u>Cultivar</u>	Mean Disease Severity
Seascape	<b>2.9</b> a
Ventana	<b>3.9</b> b
Albion	<b>4.0</b> b
Camarosa	<b>4.2 bc</b>
Diamante	<b>4.9</b> c
LSI	(P=0.05) = 0.8

Severity scale: 1=no symptoms, 2=a few lvs showing decline, 3=slight plant dieback, 4=moderate dieback, 5=complete collapse.

### **Crown inoc.: Isolate virulence**

<u>lsolate</u>	<u>Mean Disease Severity</u>
14	<b>2.3</b> a
12	<b>3.8</b> b
4	<b>4.1 bc</b>
11	<b>4.1 bc</b>
1	<b>4.2 bc</b>
2	<b>4.3 bc</b>
13	<b>4.3 bc</b>
3	<b>4.5</b> c

LSD (P=0.05) = 0.7

Severity scale: 1=no symptoms, 2=a few lvs showing decline, 3=slight plant dieback, 4=moderate dieback, 5=complete collapse.

### **Crown inoculation: cv. Camarosa**

#### iso 3 iso 4 uninoculated



### **Crown inoculation: cv. Albion**

#### iso 3 iso 14 uninoculated



### **Crown inoculation: isolate 3**

#### Albion Ventana Seascape



### **Crown inoculation: cv. Seascape**

#### iso 3 iso 14 uninoculated







## **Root inoculation**



## **Root inoculation**











## Management: Preliminary Advice

- Select sites without history of problem.
- Crop rotation away from strawberry.
- Fumigation (but which materials?).
- Plant a less sensitive cultivar.
- Avoid stressing plants.

# Summary

- Collapse associated with Macrophomina and Fusarium.
- Fusarium role is still uncertain.
- Varieties may vary in susceptibility.
- Some virulence differences exist among Macrophomina isolates.
- Plant collapse is associated with fields treated with MB+CP alternatives.

# **Proposed Research**

- Field trials w/ pre-plant soil treatments.
- Field trials with post-plant fungicides.
- Evaluate cultivar susceptibility.
- Study biology, soil survival, host range, soil detection tests, etc.
- Team: Koike, Gordon, Ajwa, Daugovish, Bolda.

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