

Mark 6:4

Jesus said to them, "A prophet is not without honor except in his hometown and among his own relatives and in his own household."

Ferrell's corollary:

You cannot regard someone as an expert if you have changed their diaper.





The Legal Mechanics of Farm Succession Planning

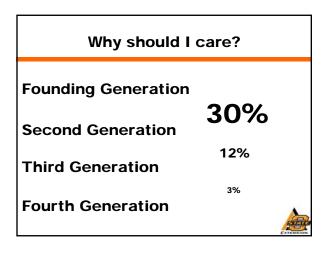
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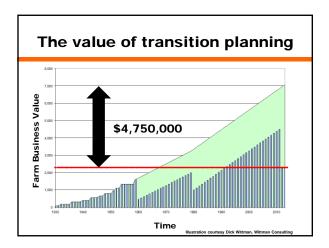
Causes of business failure after a generational transfer

- Inadequate estate planning
 - Not just "not having a will"
 - How do you prepare for the unexpected
- Insufficient capitalization
- Failure to prepare the next generation properly

Source: Spafford, 2006

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Numbers don't lie		
55%	U.S. adults with no estate planning tools	
64%	Farm/agribusiness owners with no estate planning tools	
88%	Farm/agribusiness owners with no retirement plan	

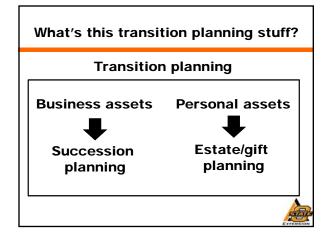




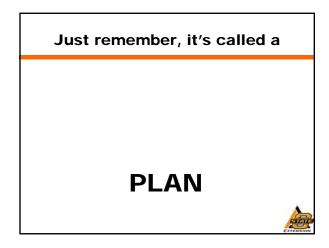
Who needs a transition plan?

- EVERYONE!
- Especially vulnerable:
 - <u>Young</u> families
 - Farms on verge of "viable size"
 - Families and farms with limited asset liquidity
 - "Complex" families













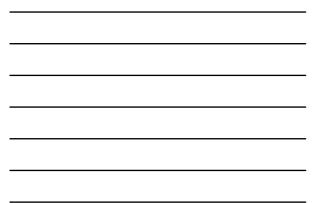
















Step 2: **Communicate with stakeholders** • Who: ALL stakeholders

- · What: a talk about the farm
- When: NOT a holiday
- · Where:
 - A comfortable place
 - NOT anyone's home
 - Free of distractions

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· Why: so we can discuss ideas for future of the farm and ranch

Step 2: **Communicate with stakeholders**

- What you say may not matter as much as how you say it
- "Total communication" components:



- 7%: actual words used
- +38%: tone of voice
- **+55%**: body language and non-verbal messages
- 100% of total message

SUCCESSION PLANNING

Formalize your governance

- Organizational chart, job descriptions
 employee handbook
- Buy/sell agreements, investor limitations and requirements ► operating agreement / bylaws
- Policies and procedures >
 - Adopted at formal meeting of owners
 - Incorporated by reference where needed



- · Who wants to be involved?
 - Daily operations and decisions
 - Strategic decisions
 - Financial stake
- What are current / projected skill and labor needs?
- How will new roles be created / existing roles changed?
 - For EVERYONE involved

Critical issue #1: The farm kid / city kid conundrum

- Economic perspectives
 - Farm kid: Asset is business, so invest and grow
 - City kid: Asset is investment, so generate returns or sell
- Equal ≠ equitable
- Desire & ability for farm roles
- Policies for
 - Employment
 - Equity contribution



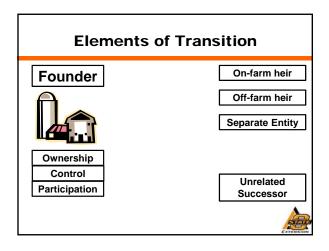
- Critical issue #2: Sweat equity plans
- "Someday child, this will all be yours"
- Problems:
 - IT'S NOT A TRANSITION PLAN and it's barely an estate plan
 - Increased risk of contests
 - Lack of enforceability
 - Masks profitability problems
- Discuss desires to participate & think about how to create opportunities for involvement



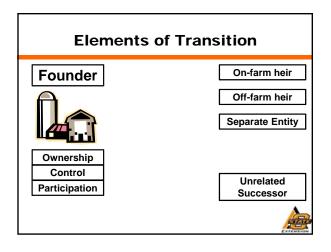
Critical issue #3: The heir-less a-parent

- Same challenge, very different perspective:
 - Provide cash flow
 - Disposition of assets
- Alternatives
 - Seek outside successor?
 - Hire operator?
 - Liquidate assets?
- Selecting a successor
 - Evaluating skills
 - Formalizing relationship

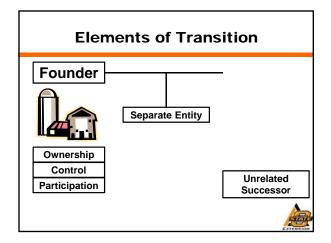










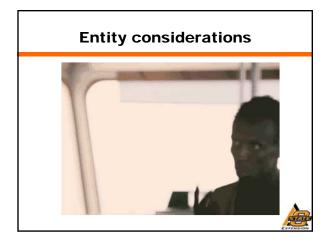




Entity considerations

- Who can be a member & classes of membership
- Capital contributions & capital calls
- Manager(s) and succession





Entity considerations

- Who can be a member & classes of membership
- Capital contributions & capital calls
- Manager(s) and succession
- Salaries, guaranteed payments, special allocations
- Termination and dissolution procedures



The family business buy/sell agreement (MANDATORY good idea)

Death

Given to lineal descendant/spouse?Given to other

- Disability (permanent)
- Divorce

- Given by decree to ex-spouse

- Bankruptcy or insolvency
- Removal or withdrawal of member

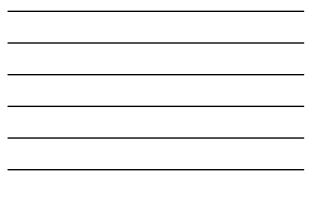


The family business buy/sell agreement (MANDATORY good idea)

- Who gets to buy?
 - Redemption company first right (obligation?)
 - Cross-purchase members' first right (obligation?)
- Valuation method
 - Established and agreed in advance
 - Defensible methodology
- Liquidity planning
 - Identified sources
 - Insurance coverage

ESTATE PLANNING

Intestate succession			
Pros	Cons		
Well, uh its definitely low- effort on your part	Unable to select who handles your affairs (and several people may "volunteer"		
	Unable to direct who gets your property – succession rules dictate heirs		
	No provision for stepchildren, unrelated parties, charities, etc.		



Wills

• What exactly is a will?

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- A set of directions for the distribution of your property after you pass away
- ONLY effective once you pass away
- · Must have "testamentary capacity"
- · Must be executed correctly
- Must be probated



Wills

- What DOESN'T a will do?
 - Function as a WHOLE succession plan (but it's a critical PIECE)
 - Stick around and manage things
 - · Does it's job and goes away
 - Long-term management of assets requires trust or other entity
 - Prior to death, create an interest in property for potential recipient



Wills				
Pros	Con's			
Leaves control with testator until death	Must go through probate			
Can direct where property goes – almost anywhere	Easily contested			
Can select executor	Lengthy and public process			
Can name guardians	State-specific			
Does its job then goes away	Cannot operate "long-term" w/o other tools			

Trust

- A set of instructions for management of a separate legal entity
- Can be simple or complex
- Must be carefully drafted to ensure that your goals and objectives are met
- Involves trustor, trustee, beneficiary, and trust property



Items to be considered in creating revocable living trusts

- 1. Trustee
 - Co-Trustee
 - Successor Trustee
- 2. Beneficiaries
- 3. Duration of Trust



Items to be considered in creating revocable living trusts

- 4. Rights of Trustee
 - Buy, sell and lease property
 - Lease minerals
 - Invest funds
 - Distribute trust income
 - Distribute trust principal
- 5. Uses of trust income and principal
- 6. Timing of distribution to beneficiaries



LIVING TRUSTS Advantages				
Pros	Cons			
Eliminates probate for assets in trust	May have trustee fees			
Don't need guardian to hold assets for minors	Adds complexity to management of assets in life			
Not public information	Requires coordination with other estate tools			
Very difficult to contest	Still needs will			

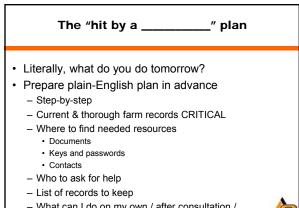
Other critical estate planning documents

- Guardian nomination for minor children
- Beneficiary designations
- Powers of attorney
 - Business
 - Healthcare
- · Advanced directive for health care



Other critical estate planning documents

- Estate liquidity plan for final expenses/ debts
 - Life insurance
 - Identified assets for liquidation
 How to handle fluctuations in value
 Priority list of liquidations
 - May be part of will, but should also include pieces outside of will
 - Important cross-connection with succession and business plan



 What can I do on my own / after consultation / only with court's approval









