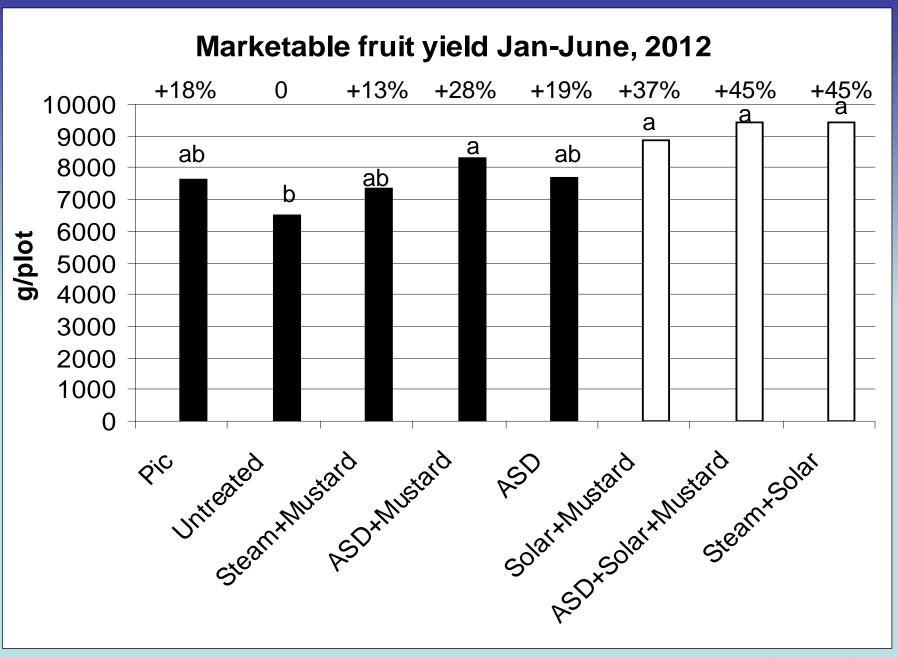
Soil management to sustain strawberry production

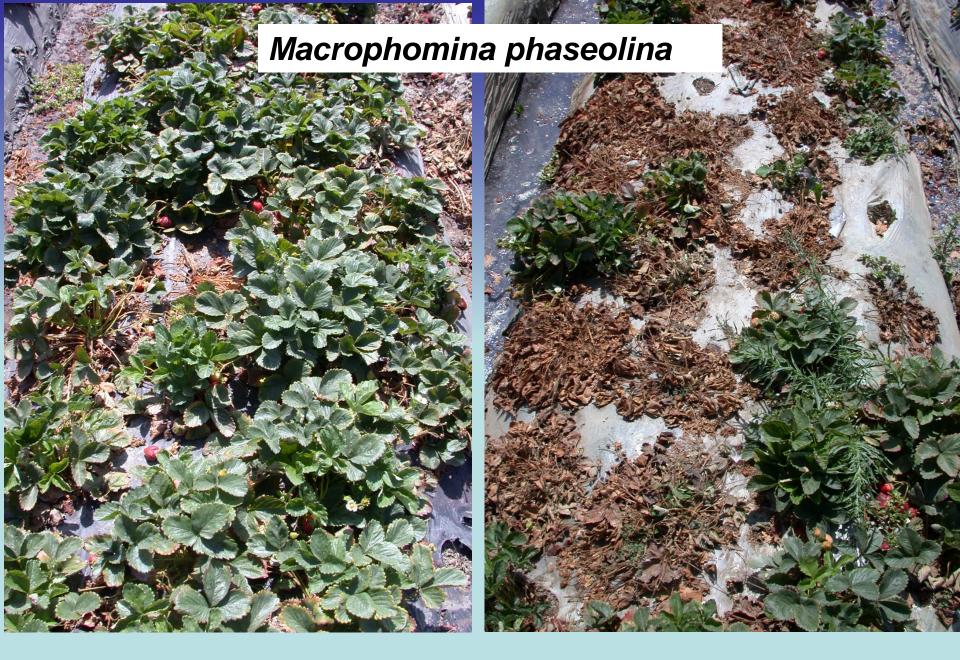


Oleg Daugovish, Anna Howell, Bill Rutan, Steve Koike (UC-ANR), Joji Muramoto and Carol Shennan (UCSC), Tom Gordon (UC-Davis), Ruijun Qin (USDA), Husein Ajwa, J. Gerik, S. Gao (USDA, B. Hansen, UC –Davis)





Treatments with the same letter are statistically similar (P=0.05)

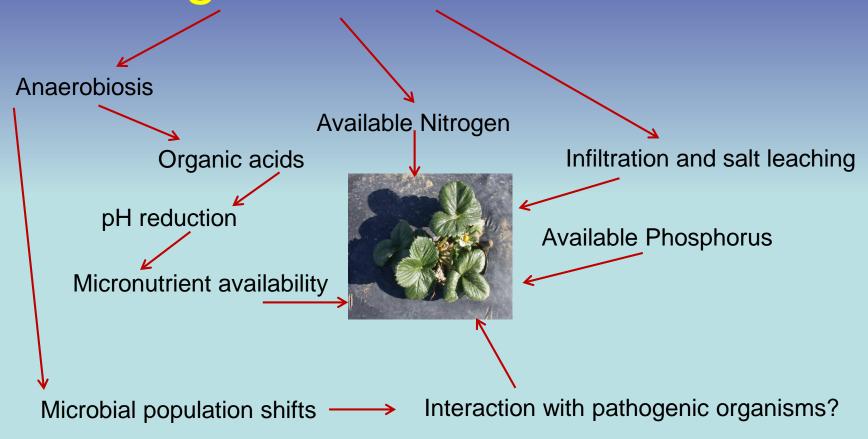


June 8. 2012

Steam + Mustard

ASD + Mustard + Solar

Adding rice bran to soil for ASD



Short vs long term?

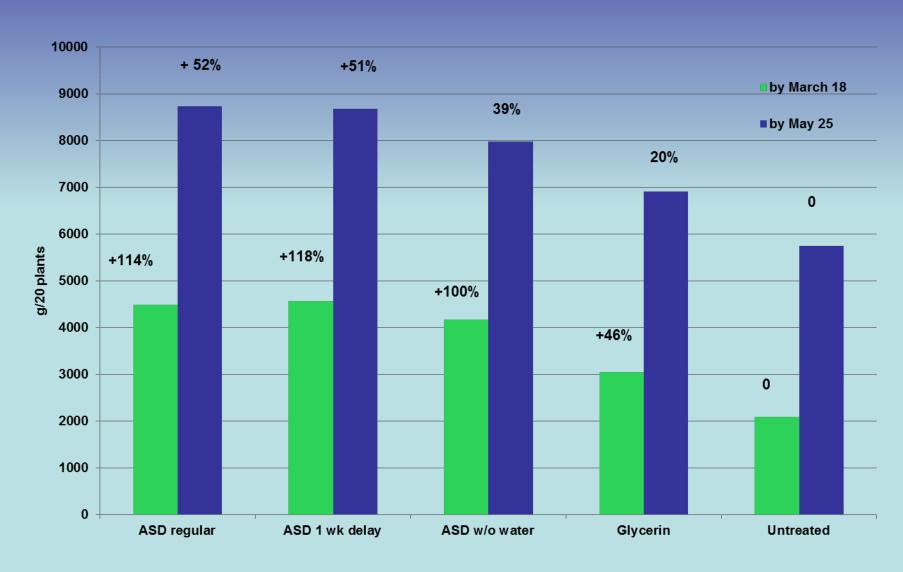
Other C-sources and soil environments?

Effective ASD = C-source + water + plastic mulch

(and \$3,000 /acre for 9 t Rice Bran ASD)

- 30 + trials of optimizing ASD since 2007 in berries
- Mulch types, water needs, duration of anaerobiosis, C-sources and effects on: pH and nutrients, soil properties, weeds and pathogens and crop performance
- Yields: ASD~fumigated soil or 30-50% more than untreated organic

Last season: Marketable yield in clay loam soil



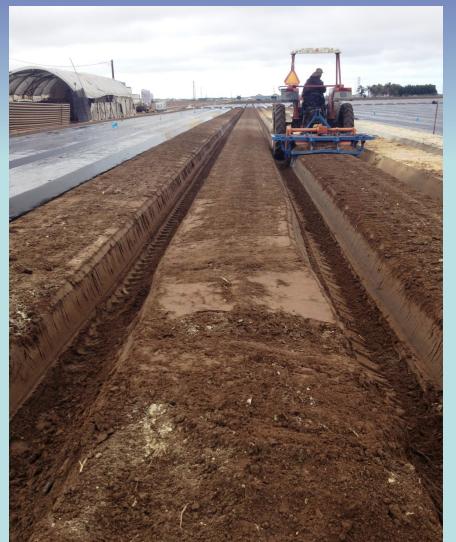
For C-source:

- Rice bran
- Glycerin
- Grape pomace
- Molasses
- Coffee grounds
- Grass clippings
- Spent grain
- And other

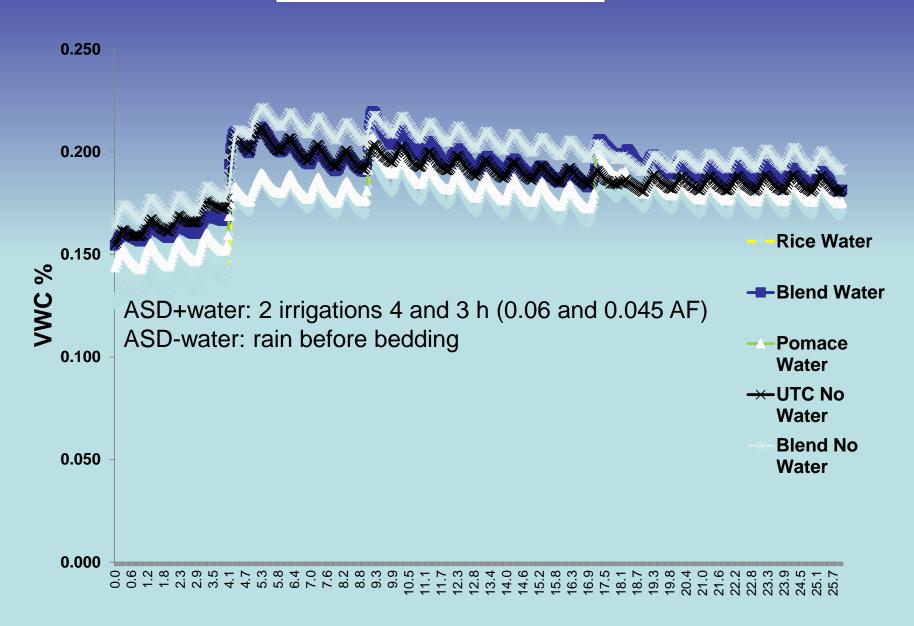
- Favorable C/N
- Easy to apply
- Cheap or Free and Available
- Min.Transportation
- Works consistently

Grape pomace, rice bran and blend (rice+almond mix) in organic field

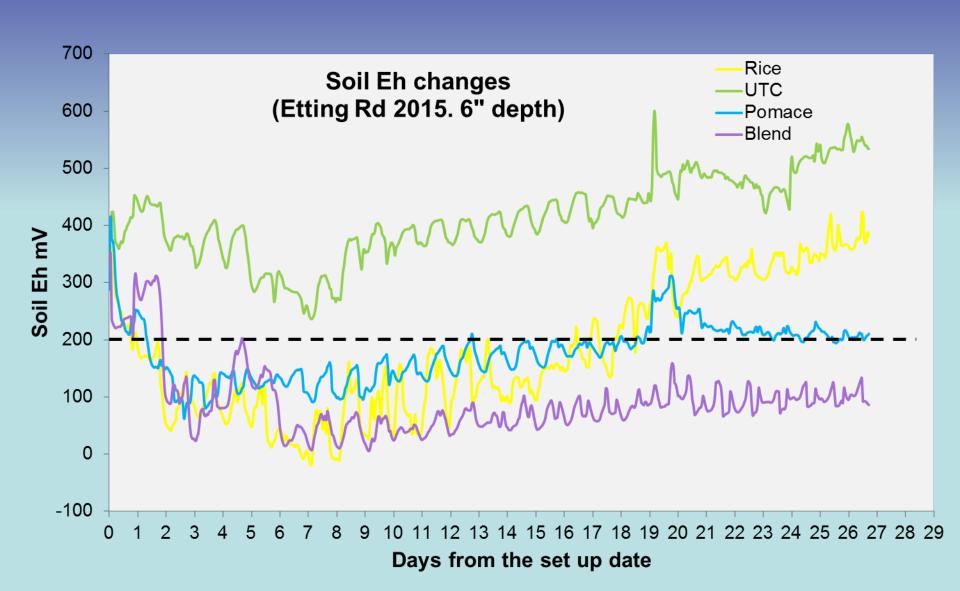




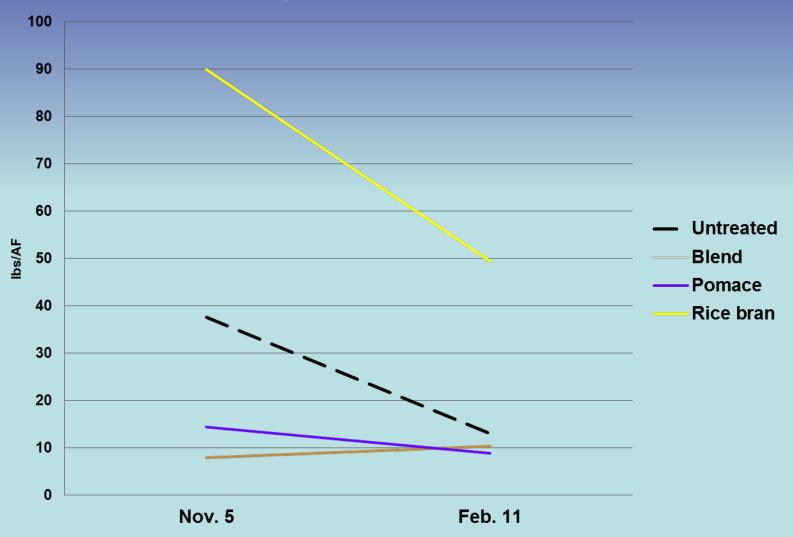
Etting Rd Trial Soil Moisture



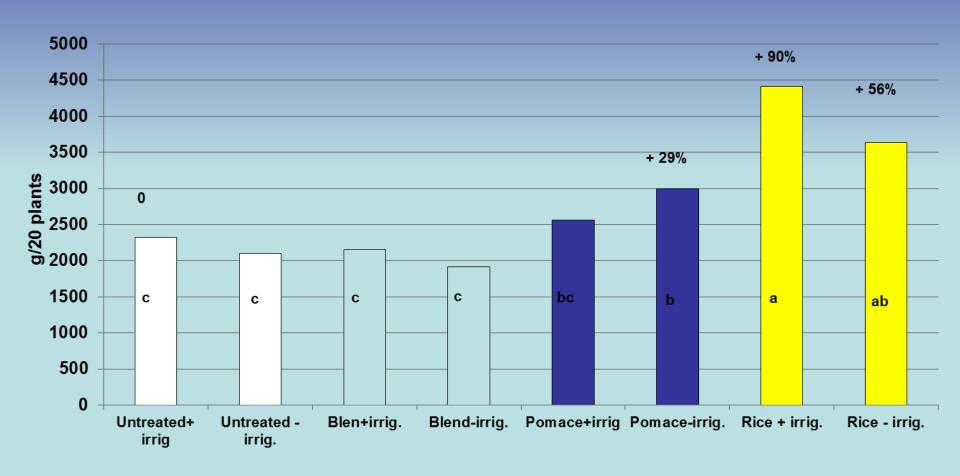
Anaerobic conditions in sandy soil



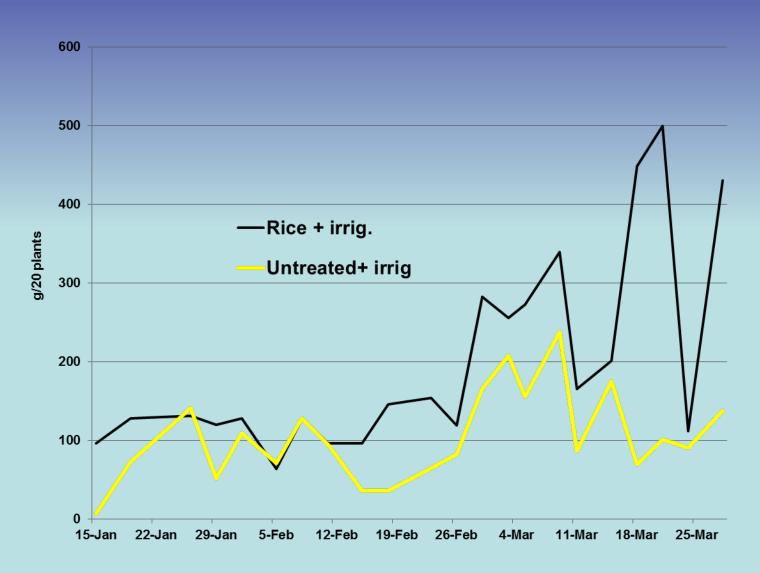
NO₃-N at 0 -12"



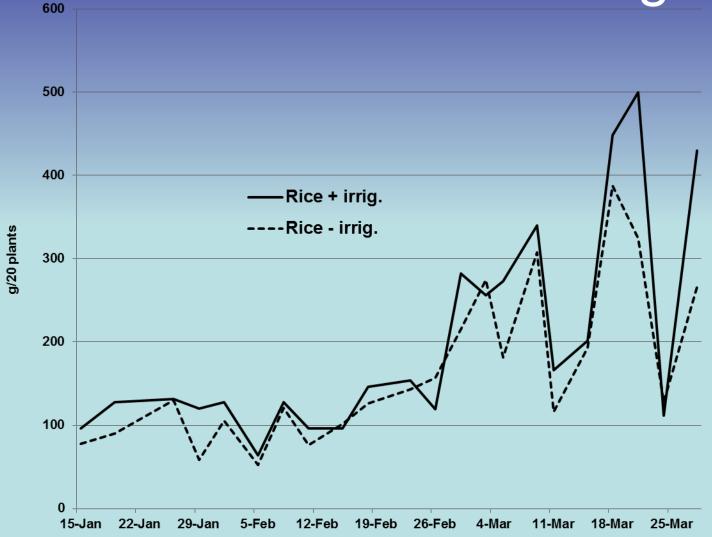
Marketable fruit yield, Dec-March



Yield: Rice vs Untreated



Yield: Rice with or w/o irrigation



Blend 9T (almonds shells, rice etc.)

Strong anaerobic conditions, but N deficiency, poor growth, susceptibility to spider mite damage

Rice bran 9T

Fewer cumulative anaerobic hours than blend, but sufficient NO3-N availability for 2 months

March 14, 2016



Rice bran alternatives C-sources:

favorable C/N ratio, local, available, cheap

Coffee grounds (Roasting plant at Camarillo)

Spent grain (Surf Brewery, Ventura)

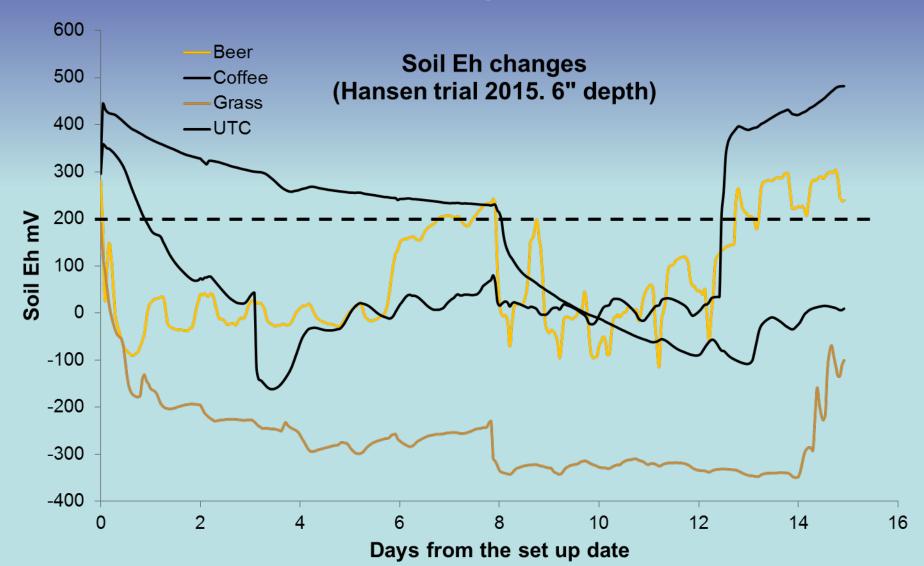
Grass clippings (Southland Sod at Camarillo)



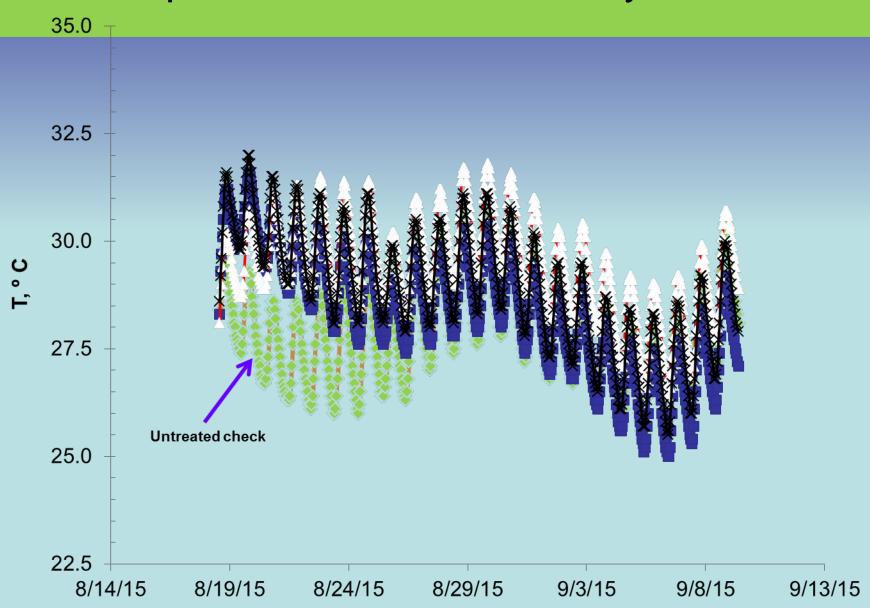




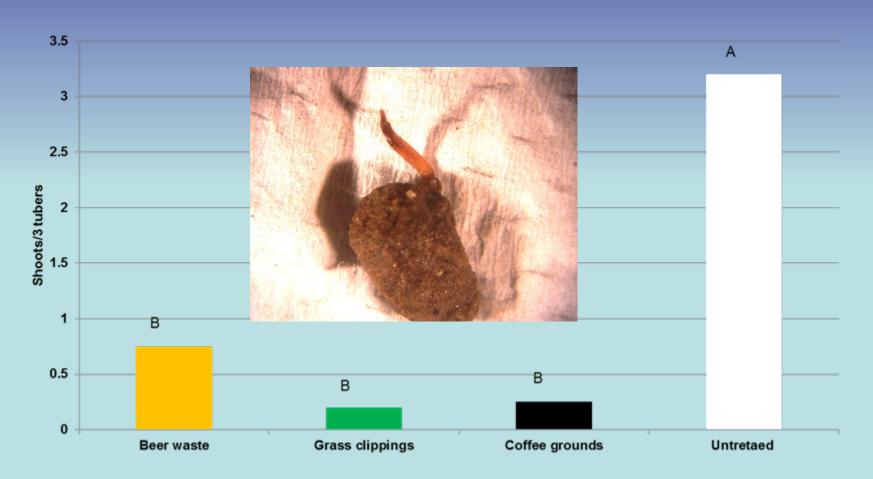
Anaerobic conditions in clay loam soil (9 t dry weight /acre)



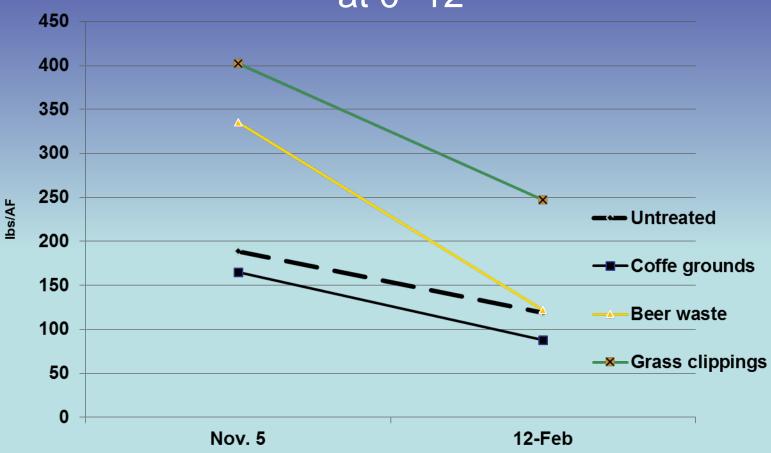
Soil temperature at 15 cm in clay loam soil



Yellow nutsedge shoots from buried tubers







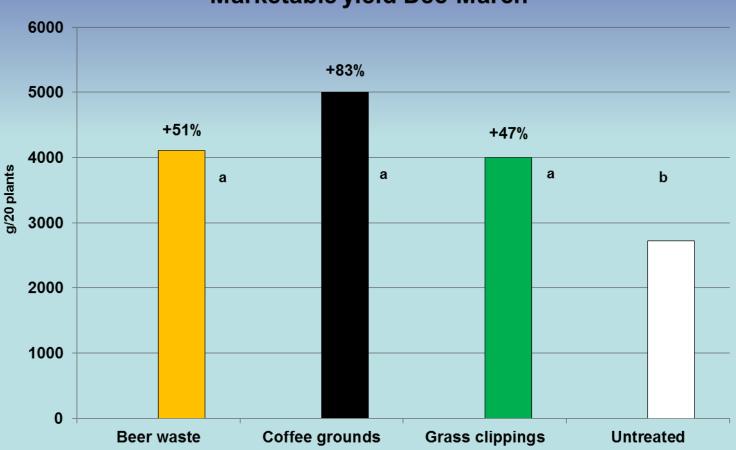
Untreated check beds received 500 lbs/A of 18-6-8 pre-plant





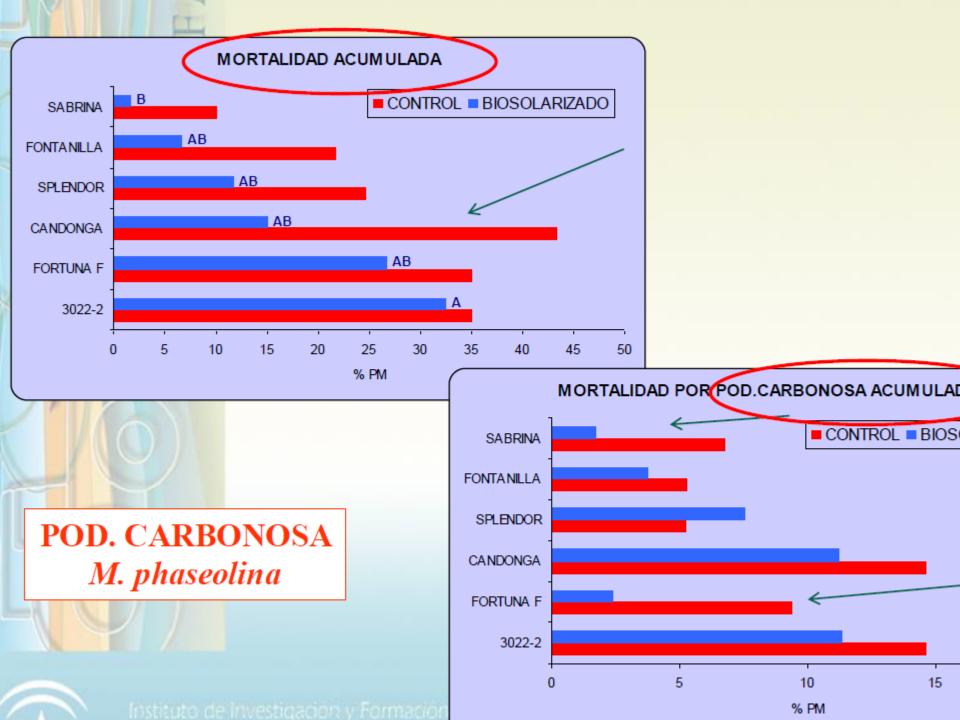
Marketable yield: Dec-March





Continuation of soil disinfestation work

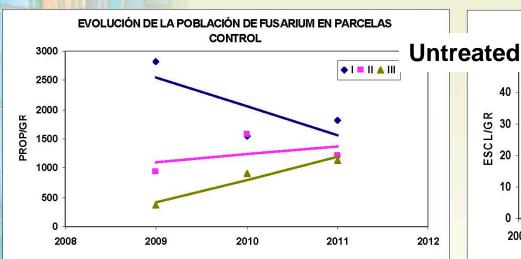
- C-sources that are cheap, abundant, local and cater to particular microbial groups?
- Changes in soil physical properties over time
- Since we don't eradicate the problems:
 - intergrade ASD with other strategies (rotation, fumigation, steam, varieties)
 - Site-specific, variable rate applications: Molecular tools for rapid onsite pathogen identification

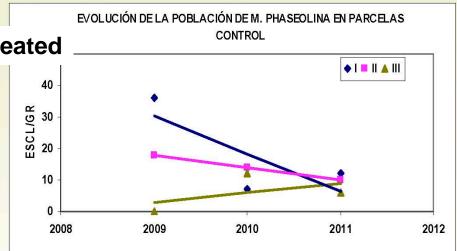


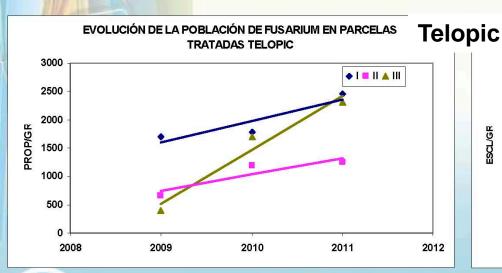
OCCIFRESA

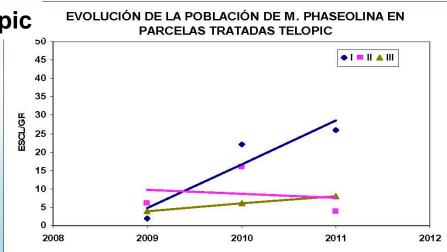
Fusarium

Macrophomina





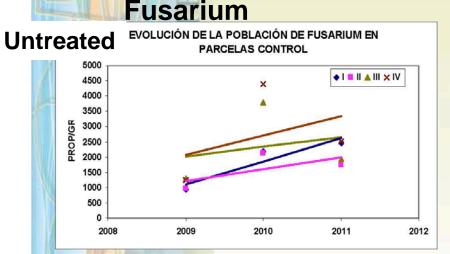


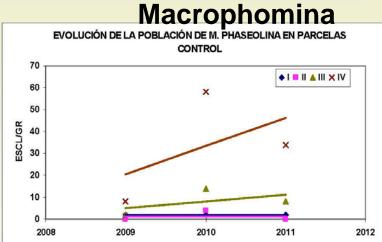


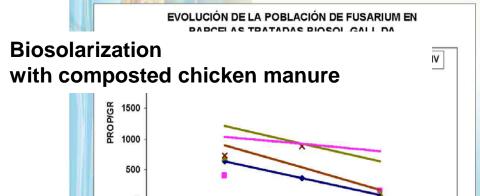


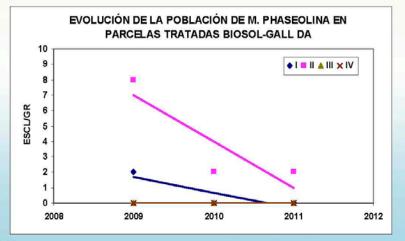
Instituto de Investigac CONSEJERÍA DE AGI

ALTERNATIVAS BIOLÓGICAS











2008

Instituto de Investigad CONSEJERÍA DE AG

2010

2011

2012

2009

DATOS DEL MUESTREO PRE-TTO

Acknowledgements:

- Jose Romero and Hector Gutierrez
- UC Hansen staff
- UCCE Master Gardeners
- CSC
- Solimar Farms
- Farm Fuel
- IFAPA-Spain

