



# Subsurface Drip Irrigation in Almonds

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Presentation will be available at: <a href="http://ucanr.org/schwankl">http://ucanr.org/schwankl</a>

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# Buried Drip Irrigation = Subsurface Drip Irrigation = SDI



- What is it?
  - Drip irrigation below ground
    - •Drip tape has been tried, but most often hard tubing with built-in (in-line) emitters is used.

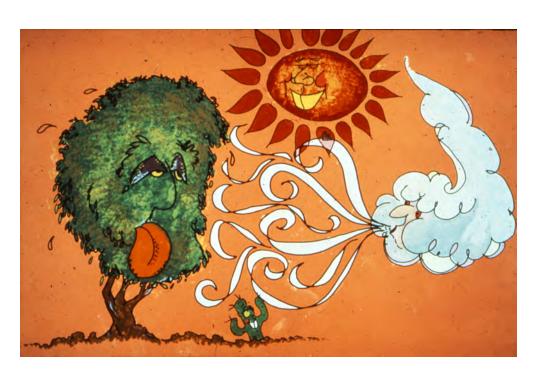




- •Why would you want to use SDI in Almonds?
  - 1. Increased yield?



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  - 2. Irrigation efficiency low evaporation, no runoff.





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- 3. Placing water right where the roots are.



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- 6. Drip system is protected from damage.
  - Equipment, careless 2-legged animals, coyotes, etc.



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- 3. Placing water right where the roots are.
- 4. Reduced summer weed pressure.
- 5. Can irrigate during harvest.
- 6. Drip system is protected from damage.
- 7. Dry orchard disease issues.



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  - 2. Rodent damage.



Adult pocket gopher, Thomomys sp. Photo by Jack Kelly Clark.

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- 1. Can't see if it is working.
- 2. Rodent damage.
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- 4. Pinching off by roots.
- 5. Wet surface by "chimneying" weeds.
- 6. Salinity control.



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- Has been installed as deep as 24" and shallower than 12".
- Timing of installation, rodent damage, surface wetting (good or bad?), installation difficulties, and repair considerations all play a role in deciding on installation depth.



- 1. What depth do I install the tubing at?
- 2. What drip tubing should be used?
  - Root intrusion into emitters is a real problem.
  - Needs to be protected against.
    - Trifluralin, chlorine, and copper have all been used.





- 1. What depth do I install the tubing at?
- 2. What drip tubing should be used?
- 3. How many drip lines per tree row are needed? 1 or 2?
  - Always needs to be designed to meet tree water (ET) needs.
  - Soil type influences decision.





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  - Number of drippers/tree = function of peak ET, dripper discharge, & hrs. of irrigation/day.
  - Lots of drippers are better, right?

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- 7. Tree establishment.
  - 1. Usually established with surface drip <u>or</u> surface drip + subsurface drip.
  - 2. Must be designed for final SDI system.
  - 3. Don't limit the wetted soil volume in early years.

#### **Conversion to SDI**

- Can, and has been, done.
- Some root pruning.





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- Can, and has been, done.
- Some root pruning.
- Switch over in Spring of year and give plenty of water root growth has to adapt.
- If flood or sprinkler, may consider giving a "transitional" irrigation with the old system.





# Questions?



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For Powerpoint presentation go to:

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